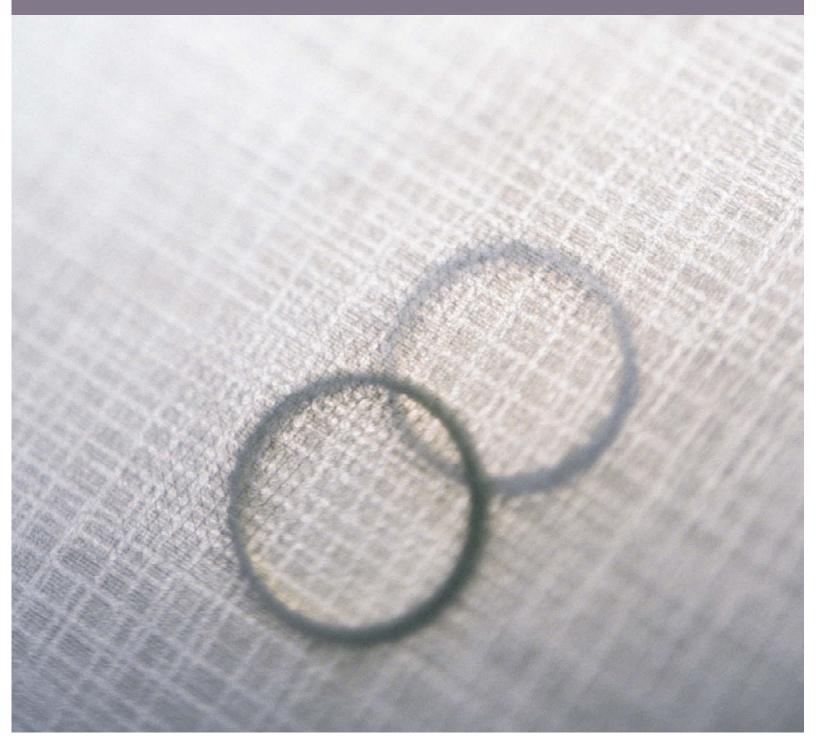
Administration for Children and Families Healthy Marriage Initiative



Healthy Marriage Initiative Activities and Accomplishments 2002 – 2005



<u>Administration for Children and Families</u> <u>Healthy Marriage Initiative</u>

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTION	
Marriage Trends	1
The Healthy Marriage Initiative (HMI)	
ACF-FUNDED HMI DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND GRANT ACTIVITIES	3
Administration for Native Americans (ANA)	
Children's Bureau (CB)	
Child Welfare Training Grants	
Post-Adoption Services and Marriage Education (PAAM)	6
Safe and Stable Families Grants	
Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE)	
Special Improvement Projects (SIPs)	
1115 Waiver Demonstration Projects	
Section 1115 Demonstration Projects	
Office of Community Services (OCS)	
Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) Program	
Compassion Capital Fund (CCF)	14
Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR)	
AFRICAN AMERICAN HEALTHY MARRIAGE INITIATIVE (AAHMI)	20
HISPANIC HEALTHY MARRIAGE INITIATIVE (HHMI)	21
ACF-FUNDED HMI RESEARCH	22
Multi-site Evaluations	
Other Research Contracts Sponsored by ACF	22
OTHER HMI-RELATED PARTNERSHIPS AND PROJECTS	25
AmeriCorps*VISTA Partnership with ACF's HMI	25
Federal Employee Assistance Pilot Program on Marriage Education	
LESSONS LEARNED	26
ACF-FUNDED HMI RESOURCES AND MATERIALS AVAILABLE	28
Technical Assistance to Healthy Marriage Initiatives	28
Sharing Lessons across States and Communities	28
National Healthy Marriage Resource Center (NHMRC)	
Further Readings on the Healthy Marriage Initiative	28
POINTS OF CONTACT IN ACF	29
APPENDIX A: ACF PROGRAM OFFICES	33
APPENDIX B: MAP OF ACF HEALTHY MARRIAGE GRANTEES	34
FNDNOTES	36

INTRODUCTION

Marriage Trends

The majority of Americans continues to hold marriage in high regard and aspire to marry. In fact, ninety-three percent of all Americans hope to enter into a "lasting and happy union with one person." Over the last three decades a majority of high school seniors have consistently affirmed that having a good marriage and family life is "extremely important." Nevertheless, marriage rates continue to decrease and divorce rates remain high while unmarried births and cohabitation increase. Further, although teen pregnancy and birth rates have declined over the last decade, it teens are now more accepting of alternatives to marriage, especially unwed childbearing (see **Trend Data** box on this page for more details).

The decline in marriage rates combined with the increase in divorce, cohabitation and out-of-wedlock childbearing has led to a substantial decrease in the percentage of children living with married parents. There is an abundance of social science evidence indicating that children fare better if they grow up with their married, biological parents. Children who grow up in other family forms are at substantially greater risk of having serious problems including emotional, behavioral or substance abuse problems and poorer educational outcomes.

This research showing the substantial benefits of healthy marriage for adults, children and society (see **Benefits of Marriage** box next page) is the primary motivating factor for the Administration for Children and Families' implementation of the Healthy Marriage Initiative (HMI).

The Healthy Marriage Initiative (HMI)

Background

In 2002, the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) within the Department of Health and Human Services launched the Healthy Marriage Initiative to support the President's goal of increasing healthy marriages by focusing attention and action on strengthening marriages and preparing interested individuals and couples for healthy marriage.

In supporting healthy marriage, ACF seeks to improve the well-being of children and families. ACF oversees multiple programs that serve children and their families, particularly low-income children. (A list of

Trend Data

Fewer Marriages

- The percentage of Americans over 18 currently married decreased from 72% in 1970, to 62% in 1990 to 59% in 2002.²
- This trend exists across race and ethnic lines as well. In 1990 64% of Whites were married, compared to 61% in 2002. In 1990 46% of Blacks were married, compared to 43% in 2002. In 1990 62% of Hispanics were married, compared to 58% in 2002.³

Increased Unmarried Births

- In 2002, 34.0% of all births were to unmarried women. This statistic represented a six-fold increase since 1960 (5.3%) and a nearly two-fold increase since 1980 (18.4%).
- By race and ethnicity, non-Hispanic Blacks had the highest percent of births to unmarried women (68.4%) in 2002, followed by American Indians (59.7%), Hispanics (43.5%), non-Hispanic Whites (23.0%), and Asian or Pacific Islanders (14.9%).⁵
- Although the unmarried teen birth rate has declined since peaking in 1995, the rate is still much higher than in previous decades. In 1960, 15.3 unmarried teens age 15-19 per 1,000 gave birth. The unmarried teen birthrate rose to 22.4 in 1970, 27.6 in 1980, 42.5 in 1990, and peaked at 44.4 in 1995. Since that time, the unmarried teen birth rate declined to 40.4 in 1999 and 37.4 in 2001.

Increased Cohabitation

- From 1970 to 2000, the number of opposite-sex cohabitating households increased from 523,000 less than 1% of all households to 4,881,000 4.6% of households.⁷
- Cohabitation now precedes more than half of all first marriages.⁸

High Divorce Rates

• Although divorce rates peaked around 1980 and have slowly declined over the last two decades, the 2001 divorce rate is still nearly double that of 1960. In 1960, there were 2.2 divorces per 1,000 population; between 1979 and 1981 the divorce rate peaked at 5.3 per 1,000 population; in 2001 the divorce rate stood at 4.0.

High Incidence of Domestic Violence

- 31% of women report physical abuse by a spouse or partner at some point in their lives. 10
- In 1998, about 1,033,660 violent crimes were committed against intimate partners. ¹¹
- Although the rate of intimate partner violence against women dropped during the 1990's, intimate partner violence still constituted 22% of all violence against women between 1993 and 1998.

relevant program offices is included in Appendix A.) These include child welfare, child support enforcement, services to refugees and Native Americans. Marriage strengthening services fit within the missions of these and similar programs.

One of the largest programs under ACF administrative authority, the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, was reauthorized through the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005. Three of the four legislated purposes of the TANF program specifically address family formation objectives. The purposes of TANF are as follows: 1) provide assistance to needy families so that children may be cared for in their own homes or in the homes of relatives; 2) end the dependence of needy parents on government benefits by promoting job preparation, work, and marriage; 3) prevent and reduce the incidence of out-of-wedlock pregnancies and establish annual numerical goals for preventing and reducing the incidence of these pregnancies; and 4) encourage the formation and maintenance of two-parent families.

The Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 was signed into law February 8, 2006 and reauthorizes the TANF program through September 30, 2010. The reauthorization includes \$150 million to support programs designed to help couples form and sustain healthy marriages. Up to \$50 million of this amount may be used for programs designed to encourage responsible fatherhood. Allowable marriage activities are: 1) public advertising campaigns on the value of marriage and the skills needed to increase marital stability and health; 2) high school education on the value of marriage, relationship skills, and budgeting: 3) marriage education, marriage skills, and relationship skills programs, that may include parenting skills, financial management, conflict resolution, and job and career advancement, for non-married pregnant women and non-married expectant fathers; 4) premarital education and marriage skills training for engaged couples and for couples or individuals interested in marriage; 5) marriage enhancement and marriage skills training programs for married couples; 6) divorce reduction programs that teach relationship skills; 7) marriage mentoring programs which use married couples as role models and mentors in at-risk communities; and 8) programs to reduce the disincentives to marriage in means-tested aid programs, if offered in conjunction with any activity above. Of the five allowable responsible fatherhood activities, two include marriage related programming.

Through the Healthy Marriage Initiative, ACF is providing leadership, funding support, technical assistance and guidance to promote action in support of the family formation goals of TANF. In addition, ACF is funding and facilitating the provision of marriage strengthening services to families receiving help from other ACF programs, as well as supporting the development of community-wide initiatives that involve many different types of organizations interested in taking steps to increase healthy marriage.

HMI Mission and Goals

The mission of the Healthy Marriage Initiative is to help couples, who have chosen marriage for themselves, gain greater access to marriage education services, on a voluntary basis, where they can acquire the skills and knowledge necessary to form and sustain a healthy marriage. The HMI within ACF includes activities such as:

- funding demonstration projects to provide voluntary marriage education services and build effective broad-based community coalitions to expand awareness of the value of healthy marriage to children, adults and communities;
- including healthy marriage services in federally supported programs, as appropriate;
- conducting research and evaluations on healthy marriage services; and
- providing information, training and technical assistance to interested government, community and faith-based organizations.

The goals of the Healthy Marriage Initiative are to:

- increase the percentage of children who are raised by two parents in a healthy marriage;
- increase the percentage of married couples who are in healthy marriages;
- increase the percentage of premarital couples who are equipped with the skills and knowledge necessary to form and sustain a healthy marriage;
- increase the percentage of youth and young adults
 who have the skills and knowledge to make informed
 decisions about healthy relationships including skills
 that can help them eventually form and sustain a
 healthy marriage;
- increase public awareness about the value of healthy marriages and the skills and knowledge that can help couples form and sustain healthy marriages;
- encourage and support research on healthy marriages and healthy marriage education; and
- increase the percentage of women, men and children in homes that are free of domestic violence.

The ACF Healthy Marriage Initiative is not about coercing anyone to marry or remain in unhealthy relationships. From its inception the Healthy Marriage Initiative required that all ACF supported grant programs develop appropriate protocols to screen for and address domestic violence. The Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 requires that any entity receiving funding related to healthy marriage promotion make a commitment to consult experts in domestic violence or relevant community domestic violence coalitions in developing programs and activities.

Further, the Healthy Marriage Initiative is not about withdrawing or transferring supports from single parents, nor is it about stigmatizing those who remain single or divorce or limiting access to divorce. ACF does not promote marriage as a panacea for reducing poverty or achieving positive outcomes for low-income children and families.

ACF's emphasis is on healthy marriages, not marriage for the sake of marriage, nor marriage at any cost. Rather, the emphasis is on marriages that provide strong and stable environments for raising children.

With passage of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 and the accompanying provision of funds for demonstrations to support healthy marriage, the Healthy Marriage Initiative will continue to support a range of activities to support healthy marriage and the well-being of children, adults and communities.

ACF Accomplishments

This document describes ACF's progress through federal fiscal year 2005 in carrying out the Healthy Marriage Initiative in coordination with many public, faith- and community-based organizations, and private partners.

ACF has supported a range of activities to increase access to marriage strengthening services and awareness about the value and benefits of healthy marriage for children, adults, and communities. Specifically, one of the early steps taken was the production of a healthy marriage compendium that was widely distributed.

The compendium provides basic facts and information from research studies on marriage and its benefits and includes examples of existing programs, curricula and promising practices.

Program offices within ACF have awarded grants to support the development and implementation of an array of marriage and relationship skills classes and related marriage strengthening services. These grants support the development and implementation of pre-marital and marriage-enrichment classes, marital inventories, marriage mentoring and similar services.

From FY 2002 through FY 2005 over 170 grants were awarded, totaling over \$61 million. The grants were awarded by the following program offices within ACF: the Administration for Native Americans (ANA), the Children's Bureau (CB), the Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE), the Office of Community Services (OCS), and the Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR). Figure 1 provides a summary of the funding levels for each office for this activity by federal fiscal year. Further, during this period ACF committed over \$26.8 million for contracts and grants to conduct research and evaluation on healthy marriage services and related topics.

Two special initiatives were established to promote culturally competent strategies and to work with leaders and practitioners in the African American and Hispanic/Latino communities. In 2004, ACF established a Marriage Resource Center to serve as a central library of information for the general public, practitioners, policy makers, and researchers. More information about each of these activities is provided in the following sections.

For more information on Healthy Marriage Initiative grants, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/healthymarriage/funding/index.html

ACF-FUNDED HMI DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND GRANT ACTIVITIES

Figure 1: HMI Grant Funding by Program Office					
Office	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	Total
ANA Admin for Native Americans	\$0	\$100,000	\$752,500	\$2,268,090	\$3,120,590
CB Children's Bureau	\$0	\$2,265,417	\$4,335,082	\$5,827,877	\$12,428,376
OCSE Office of Child Support Enforcement	\$0	\$3,101,768	\$3,710,510	\$9,540,793	\$16,353,071
OCS Office of Community Services	\$0	\$170,000	\$2,380,516	\$18,353,547	\$20,904,063
ORR Office of Refugee Resettlement	\$850,000	\$2,600,000	\$2,900,000	\$2,794,000	\$9,144,000
TOTAL					\$61,950,100

ACF-FUNDED HMI DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND GRANT ACTIVITIES:

Administration for Native Americans (ANA)

The Administration for Native Americans (ANA) promotes the goal of self-sufficiency for Native Americans by providing social and economic development opportunities through financial assistance, training and technical assistance. ANA issued the grants described below in FY 2003, FY 2004 and FY 2005. The Native American Programs Act of 1974, as amended, is the authorizing legislation for these programs.

- Chickasaw Nation (Ada, OK).

 "Watching over Our Children." This project
 provides relationship skills training to children,
 youth, couples, and families. The project uses the
 Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program
 (PREP) curriculum. In addition, foster parent
 - candidates are recruited from the PREP classes. **Project Period: September 30, 2004 to September 29, 2007.**
- Choctaw Nation (Durant, OK).
 "Choctaw Nation Healthy Marriages/Healthy Kids Project." This project will provide family support services and marriage enrichment classes to Native American children and young adults within the Choctaw community in order to promote a healthy home environment and healthy marriage. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29,

2008.

- Chugachmiut (Anchorage, AK).
 "Wise Fathers, Well Families." With this project Chugachmiut will help couples become better parents and improve their family relationships through responsible father involvement and healthy marriage skill-building workshop activities. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.
- Citizen Potawatomi Nation (Shawnee, OK).
 "Project SNAFU (Saving Native American Family Units)." This project will provide relationship skill-building classes to Native American married couples with children, married couples raising Native American children within the community and tribal members. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.
- **Denver Indian Family Resource Center** (Denver, CO).

"Healthy Relationships through the Life Cycle." This project is working to develop culturally-appropriate curricula that support healthy marriages, encourage responsible fatherhood, and support positive youth development. The curricula are created for Native American children, youth and

families living away from traditional support systems. **Project Period: September 1, 2003 to August 31, 2006.**

- First Nations Community Health Source (Albuquerque, NM).
 - "All My Relations Project." This project provides marriage enrichment/education activities and services for couples, single parents, and youth. This project also uses traditional healing and peacemaking to assist troubled marriages/relationships or families. Project Period: September 30, 2004 to September 29, 2007.
- Greater Minneapolis Council of Churches (Minneapolis, MN).
 - "Healthy Native Fathers Project." This project is an intervention project to provide urban teen and adult Native American fathers with a supportive, cultural environment in which to learn the tools to excel at parenting and relationship issues while gaining knowledge in culture and life skills. In partnership with the Family Violence Program, individual and couple counseling as well as domestic violence and anger management group sessions will be offered. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.
- Mount Sanford Tribal Consortium (Gakona, AK).
 "Healthy Relationships Project." This project will develop and pilot a culturally appropriate, healthy relationships component for Mount Sanford's wellness program and will also provide healthy relationship skill-building activities for adults and abstinence education and healthy relationship training for youth. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.
- National Indian Women's Health Resource Center (Tahlequah, OK).
 - "Healthy Relationship Skills for Youth." This project will partner with the American Indian Young Women's Sorority, Gamma Delta Pi (University of Oklahoma), the Chickasaw Nation, and the United Keetowah Band of Cherokees, to develop and implement a Healthy Relationship Skills curriculum and training for youth/young adults, ages 11-23. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.

- Native American Youth and Family Center (Portland, OR).
 - "Healing Circle Family Preservation Project." This project will allow American Indian/Alaskan Native community members within the Portland Metropolitan Area to remove barriers to forming lasting families and healthy marriages by providing marriage and premarital education and relationship services to men, women, elders, youth and community members. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.**
- Native Wellness Institute (Gresham, OR).

 "Leading the Next Generation." This project will implement a training model with tribes, tribal organizations and tribal communities that will address healthy marriage and develop relationships with families within the Native community. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.

- National Indian Child Welfare Association, Inc. (Portland, OR).
 - "Leading the Next Generation." The National Indian Child Welfare Association and the Native Wellness Institute (NWI) will collaborate to develop strategies, best practices and a database on traditional and contemporary perspectives on Native American relationships, marriages, extended families and positive fatherhood. **Project Period: September 30, 2004 to September 29, 2005.**
- Sun'aq Tribe of Kodiak (Kodiak, AK.).

 "Sun'aq Healthy Family Initiative." This project will develop a culturally consistent curriculum and counseling strategies for continued use in the Native community. Families and individuals will be provided with the tools and resources to empower them to identify, choose and maintain healthy relationships and lifestyles at all stages of life.

 Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.

For more information on the Administration for Native Americans, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ana/

ACF-FUNDED HMI DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND GRANT ACTIVITIES:

Children's Bureau (CB)

The Children's Bureau (CB) works with State and local agencies to develop programs that focus on preventing the abuse of children in troubled families, protecting abused children, and finding permanent placements for those who cannot safely return to their homes.

Child Welfare Training Grants

The Children's Bureau has awarded grants to five institutions of higher education. The grantees are developing and field-testing training curricula that assist child welfare staff in promoting healthy marriage and family formation. The grants are authorized through Section 426 of Title IV-B of the Social Security Act. Typical grantee activities include:

- Identifying and developing methods for addressing healthy marriage and family formation with the child welfare staff population,
- Equipping child welfare staff with curricula that support healthy marriages and family formation,
- Training graduate students,
- Partnering with faith- and community-based organizations, child welfare agencies and other community representatives to create curricula,
- Delivering continuing education workshops,
- Disseminating training material and information through the media.

The five institutions awarded these grants are:

- Syracuse University, Syracuse, NY,
- University of Denver, Graduate School of Social Work, Denver, CO,
- University of Louisville, Louisville, KY,
- State University of New York at Albany, Albany, NY.
- Forest Institute of Professional Psychology, Springfield, MO.

Project period: September 29, 2003 to September 30, 2008.

Post-Adoption Services and Marriage Education (PAAM)

The Children's Bureau awarded seven grants for projects to improve the marital relationships of couples who have, or are in the process of, adopting children from the child welfare system. Section 205 of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment and Adoption Reform Act of 1978, as amended, authorizes these grants.

 Adoption Resources of Wisconsin (Milwaukee, WI).

"The Science of Great Families." This project employs a marriage strengthening curriculum based on research by Dr. John Gottman, along with forgiveness therapy, in assisting post-adoption families. The project supplements these curricula with respite care, peer support, and referrals to faith-and community-based organizations. **Project Period: September 20, 2004 to September 29, 2009.**

 Bethany Christian Services, Inc. (Atlanta and Columbus, GA).

"Relationship Enhancement for Adoptive Parents (R.E.A.P.) Project." This project is developing a post-adoption marriage enrichment curriculum based on the Relation Enhancement (RE) program. **Project Period: September 20, 2004 to September 29, 2009.**

• Child and Family Services of New Hampshire (Central and Eastern, NH).

"Collaborative Post-Adoption Services Project of New Hampshire (CPAS-NH)." This project targets foster care adoptive families for comprehensive, wraparound post-adoption services that feature the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) in retreat settings. **Project Period: September 20, 2004 to September 29, 2009.**

• Children's Home Society of Florida (Tallahassee, FL).

"Post-Adoption Marriage Strengthening in Families Who Have Adopted Special Needs Children." This project is working to implement and evaluate a 12-session in-home marriage strengthening program based on research by Dr. John Gottman. The project focuses on families who adopt a special needs child. **Project Period: September 20, 2004 to September 29, 2009.**

• Children's Home Society of Washington (Seattle, WA)

"Strengthening Adoptive Families through Education (SAFE) Program." This project supports post-adoption couples and families through a blend of three research-based programs: the Gottman Institute's "Art and Science of Love" marriage strengthening curriculum, After-Adoption Assistance Wraparound Services provided by the Kinship Center, and the adoption services model promoted by the Oregon Post-Adoption Resource Center. **Project**

Period: September 20, 2004 to September 29, 2009.

- Colorado Coalition of Adoptive Families
 (COCAF) (Central-North Central and West-Southwest, CO).
 "Colorado Communities for Adoptive Families."
 This project adapts the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) for adoptive couples to decrease adoption disruptions and dissolutions and increase marital and family well-being. Project Period: September 30, 2004 to September 29, 2009.
- DePelchin Children's Center (Houston, TX).

 "Four Connections and a Fun Day." This project interweaves the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) with the Educational Network for Adoption Building Lasting Environments (ENABLE) curriculum for its postadoption marriage education classes. Project Period: September 20, 2004 to September 29, 2009.

Safe and Stable Families Grants

Seven grantees have received funding through the Promoting Safe and Stable Families Grant Program. These grants vary in approach, but all support healthy marriage, family formation and safety for children and families in or at risk of being in the child welfare system. They are authorized by Section 430 of Title IV-B, Subpart 2, of the Social Security Act.

- Florida Department of Children and Families
 (Tallahassee and the Northwest Panhandle, FL).
 "Strengthening Parents in Florida." This project
 helps strengthen the relationships of parent couples
 who are involved in the child welfare system.
 Couples receive a 12 week in-home counseling
 service. Strengthening Families is based on Dr. John
 Gottman's work and aims to improve caregiver/child
 relationships and reduce levels of conflict among
 married or cohabitating couples. Project Period:
 September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.
- Florida Department of Children and Families (Jacksonville and Ft. Lauderdale, FL). "Building Local Capacity for Healthy Marriages and Families in Florida." This project offers classes in healthy relationship formation, marriage enhancement, and team parenting to couples in the child welfare population. The primary curriculum is an adaptation of PAIRS by Dr. Lori Gordon. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

• Florida Department of Children and Families (Orlando, FL).

"Building Stronger Families in Florida." This project provides premarital counseling and group workshops to strengthen marriages and couple relationships. Additionally, training for certification in marriage and family therapy, at both masters and doctoral levels, is provided for counselors. **Project Period:**September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

• Louisiana Department of Social Services (Baton Rouge, LA).

"The Knapsack Project of Louisiana." This project will add a healthy marriage component to existing services from the Louisiana Department of Social Services. The project provides staff with training in the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) curriculum. The staff uses PREP to support healthy marriages and enhanced relationships for parents and adult caregivers in fragile families. Family Resource Centers and staff are provided with materials from a "knapsack" of materials that address issues around marriage for specific groups such as teens and African-Americans. **Project Period:**September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

• Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services (Omaha, NE).

"The Healthy Marriage Initiative of Nebraska." This project works with couples who are engaged or considering marriage by providing marriage-preparation classes and linking couples with mentor couples. Curricula used include the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP), "Engaged Encounter" and "When Families Marry," as well as marriage inventories such as Facilitating Open Couple Communication, Understanding & Study (FOCCUS). This project includes a public awareness campaign which focuses on the benefits of healthy marriage through billboards, TV spots, brochures and pamphlets. **Project Period:**September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

 Orange County Social Service Agency (Orange County, CA).

"Strengthening Families in Orange County." This project represents a collaborative effort among child welfare offices, university partners, and faith- and community-based organizations. Project funds are used to provide Relationship Enhancement (RE) classes for couples receiving voluntary child welfare services, and to evaluate RE for this population. The curriculum is offered in both English and Spanish and trains couples to be instructors in order to increase the outreach of the program. **Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.**

• Oklahoma Department of Human Services (Oklahoma City, OK).

"Strengthening Marriages in Oklahoma." This project specifically focuses on the needs of adoptive couples and improving and expanding marriage education programs. Offered statewide, services include marriage education retreats for adoptive parents, enriched adoption support services, and marriage education curricula geared toward the specific issues that adoptive couples face. **Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.**

Fostering Healthy Marriage within Underserved Communities (HMUC)

Ten grantees have received funding through the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act, and the Promoting Safe and Stable Families Programs. These grants vary in approach, but all support healthy marriage, family formation and safety for children and families in or at risk of being in the child welfare system. They are authorized by Section 430 of Title IV-B, Subpart 2, of the Social Security Act, and by Section 105 (b)(5) of CAPTA.

• Catholic Charities Diocese of Trenton, NJ (Trenton, NJ).

"The Healthy Marriages Program of El Centro." El Centro de Recursos Para Familias, a program within this Diocese, will implement the El Centro Healthy Marriage Initiative. This project will provide the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) curriculum in Spanish to Latino couples in the Mercer County area. **Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.**

• East Capitol Center for Change (ECCC) (Washington, DC).

"The Healthy Marriages – Strong Families Initiative of Washington, DC." This is a collaborative project between ECCC and the East River Strengthening Collaborative that will utilize multiple strategies including a public education campaign on the benefits of marriage and healthy relationships; annual "Celebrate Black Marriage Day" events; a "Marriage Works" mini-grant program; workshops and other programming based on the African American Family Life Education Program; and adaptation of the Marriage Savers Program and use of the FOCCUS premarital inventory. **Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.**

• Family Guidance, Inc. (Sewickly, PA). "The Marriage Works of Pennsylvania." This grantee will develop a network of churches in four targeted African American communities of Pittsburgh that will be equipped to strengthen the relationships of couples with children under the age of 18. The

initiative will conduct classes using a culturally

appropriate adaptation of the nationally recognized PREPARE/ENRICH marriage education materials, provide couple-to-couple mentoring services, offer crisis marriage support, and refer the most difficult relationships to appropriate sources of help. **Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.**

• Heritage Community Services (Charleston, SC). "The Homebuilder's Project of South Carolina." This project will primarily serve at-risk, low-income African American couples along with Hispanic and Caucasian couples in a crisis pregnancy center. The Homebuilders program will use marriage education services to help interested unwed parents achieve their aspirations for a healthy marriage and a stable family life and include the FOCCUS Premarital Inventory, and the Marriage Savers Mentoring program. Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.

• Lao Family Community Development, Inc. (Oakland, CA).

"The Contra Costa County Family Outreach Program of California." This project represents a collaborative effort among the Contra County Asian Family Outreach program, the Asian Pacific Psychological Services, and the Contra Costa County Children and Family Services. Two evidenced-based models of family services, the "Power of Two" marriage education program and wraparound case management, will be used with primarily Asian families who are limited English speakers, needing culturally specific marriage education services and are at risk of entering the child welfare system. Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.

• The Osborne Association (Long Island City, NY). "Improving Marriages of Incarcerated Parents in New York." This project will provide 6 to 8 sessions of the evidence based Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) to married prisoners and their spouses who have minor children. The program will target those who are soon to be released or have been recently released from New York State prisons. Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.

Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa (Bayfield, WI).

"Enhancing Tribal Marriages in Wisconsin." This project will provide relationship services to Native American parents, youth, and engaged and pregnant young couples by implementing the OJIBWAY curriculum to families that are referred to the Indian Child Welfare Program. The OJIBWAY curricula will address three primary areas via the use of 28 lesson plans: (1) promotion and enhancement of cohesiveness within the family group, (2) promotion

of healthy attitudes within families, and (3) promotion of positive behaviors within families. **Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.**

- Rockford MELD (Rockford, IL).
 - "The Marriage First Project of Illinois." The goal of this project is to provide African American and Hispanic unmarried cohabiting couples and married couples with a variety of marriage enhancing services to increase the number of marriages before conception, to increase the well-being of children, and to increase public knowledge about the benefits of marriage. A multi-faceted approach will be given in three tiers of service delivery: public awareness campaigns and public service announcements; higher intensity, "Integrated Marriage Education"; and intensive case management. It will include the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP). **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.**
- Starkville School District (Starkville, MS).
 "The Healthy Marriages/Healthy Kids Project of Mississippi." This project will recruit and train African American clergy and volunteer married couples to teach marriage education classes utilizing the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP). The project will maintain an ongoing list of trained and available clergy and mentor couples available to provide classes in the

community; provide individualized marriage classes for couples who are referred from the Department of Human Services whose children are either at risk of entering, or are already in, the child welfare system; and host a Marriage Summit to celebrate healthy marriages and disseminate information about the benefits of healthy marriage. **Project period:**September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.

- Texas Health and Human Services (Avance) (Houston, TX).
 - "Strengthening Marriages in Texas" translated as "Fortaleciendo Matrimonios." This project is designed to provide Hispanic couples in Head Start/Early Head Start programs and Child Protective Services with a four months series of program services aimed at relationship maintenance and improvement. The project will use the "Family Building Communities" curriculum, and will address extended family cultural issues that impact Hispanic married couples. **Project period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.**

For more information on the Children's Bureau, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/

Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE)

The Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE) facilitates State and Tribal development of programs that locate non-custodial parents, establish paternity when necessary, and obtain and enforce child support orders.

Special Improvement Projects (SIPs)

SIP grants fund faith- and community-based organizations, as well as state, local, and tribal agencies, to improve child support outcomes such as paternity establishment and child support collections and improve the economic well-being of children. These grants are authorized through Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. In 2003, 2004 and 2005, the following ten projects received funding to provide child support and marriage education services to improve outcomes for children.

- Alabama Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention
 Board/The Children's Trust Fund of Alabama
 (Montgomery, AL).
 "Family Connections in Alabama." This project
 tested the healthy relationship curriculum, "Caring
 for My Family," developed by Michigan State
 University with couples and women connected with
 the child support program. Project Period:
- Alabama Children's Trust Fund (Montgomery, AL).
 "Family Connections in Alabama." This project will specifically target African-American and Latino nonmarried parents who are IV-D clients and whose youngest child is age 2 or younger. Male/female

January 1, 2003 to December 31, 2003.

married parents who are IV-D clients and whose youngest child is age 2 or younger. Male/female teams and couple mentors from within the target communities will be the primary service delivery agents for marriage education while child support workers will provide educational sessions on child support services. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to August 29, 2008.**

• Families under Urban and Social Attack, Inc. (Austin, TX).

"Healthy Parents, Healthy Families, Healthy Children." This project focuses on a population of over age 18 African-American custodial and noncustodial parents and offers services enabling them to strengthen the family unit and create a healthy, stable family. The intervention strategies are designed to affect couples and their children and consist of three components: assessment, marriage education and relationship skills, and support services to enhance marriageability. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to August 29, 2008.**

- **Fathers' Support Center (St. Louis, MO).

 "Healthy Relationships Skills for Fragile Families."

 The goal of this project is to ensure that the best interests of children remain central to their parents' lives by teaching parents essential parenting and relationship skills and expectations concerning child support responsibility. The project will offer marriage education training to a population of underserved ethnic and culturally diverse nevermarried, divorced, or separated parents in the St. Louis area. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to August 29, 2008.
- Iowa Bureau of Collections, State Department of Human Services (Des Moines, IA).

 "Connecting Child Support to the Community to Secure Improved Outcomes for Children." This project promotes parental responsibility and healthy marriage by enhancing linkages between the Child Support Recovery Unit and the community. The grant also increases public awareness of the importance of parental responsibility and marriage through media campaigns and presentations by trained child support workers to faith- and community-based organizations. Project Period: July 1, 2004 to November 30, 2005.
- Lehigh Valley Healthy Marriage Coalition
 (LHMC), Community Services for Children
 (CSC) (Allentown, PA).
 "Family Formation and Development." This project
 provides healthy relationship and marriage education
 services to Hispanic Head Start parents. Curricula
 are adapted to respond to Hispanic language and
 cultural needs. Project Period: January 1, 2003 to
 May 31, 2005.
- The Marriage Coalition (Cleveland Heights, OH). "Better Together." This project tested a curriculum developed to improve the relationships of poor, unmarried parents. The curriculum was a collaboration of Smart Marriages and Survival Skills of Healthy Families. Project Period: January 1, 2003 to August 31, 2004.
- Michigan State University (Lansing, MI).
 "Together We Can Creating a Healthy Future for our Family." This project will investigate the efficacy of integrating healthy marriage content into Family Support Education (FSE) programs targeting African-American and Latino families; develop and test an educational intervention on healthy marriage formation for unmarried African-American and Latino parents participating in two Michigan

counties, Pontiac and Saginaw; and disseminate program curriculum, lessons-learned and other information to early-parenting programs statewide and nationally. Child support enforcement education will be integrated as a key theme throughout the project. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to August 29, 2008.**

- South Baton Rouge Christian Children's Foundation (Baton Rouge, LA). "Marriages That Matter." The South Baton Rouge Christian Children's Foundation, Refined By Fire Ministries, Inc., Dixon Correctional Institute and the Louisiana Department of Support Enforcement Services are collaborating to provide healthy marriage education and child support services to underserved ethnically diverse non-married, custodial and non-custodial parents. The overall goal of the project is to ensure that the children of prisoners receive the support necessary for healthy development by strengthening the relationship between their parents and increasing the emotional and financial involvement of custodial and noncustodial parents in the lives of their children. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to August 29, 2008.
- Tennessee Department of Human Services (Memphis/Shelby County, TN).

 "Promoting Parental Responsibility and Healthy Marriage." This project targets unwed parents at prenatal settings, birthing hospitals and other locations to educate them on parental responsibilities and the value and benefits of marriage. The project also coordinates with schools and other faith- and community-based organizations to educate teens and young adults about the benefits of delaying parenthood until marriage. Project Period: July 1, 2004 to November 30, 2005.

1115 Waiver Demonstration Projects

These grants provide matching federal monies for demonstration projects that expand on current child support programs. The projects are funded using the child support formula grant matching rate of 66% Federal and 34% State; the projects are authorized by section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Though varied, all projects emphasize the importance of healthy marriage to a child's well-being, as well as financial stability, increased paternity establishment, and child support collection.

Colorado Department of Human Resources,
 Division of Child Support Enforcement (Denver
 and other counties, CO).
 "'Partner Up', Colorado's Child Support
 Enforcement Program for Marriage and Responsible
 Fatherhood." This program will use local health
 resource organizations to recruit interested couples

- and individuals into a marriage education program. Pre- and post-natal programs, in-hospital paternity, and social service agencies will be sources of referrals as well as the service providers. **Project Period: September 27, 2005 to October 3, 2008.**
- Florida Department of Revenue (Jacksonville, FL). "Jacksonville Network for Strengthening Families Healthy Marriage Initiative." This community will provide marriage and parenting education integrated with child support information and motivation to assist couples and individuals to consider marriage. The curriculum has been developed by Franklin Covey from the 7 Habits of a Successful Marriage and additional marriage information and motivation materials. Project period: July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2008.
- Georgia Department of Human Resources
 (Atlanta, Columbus, Duluth/Norcross, Lithonia, Macon and Thomasville, GA).
 "Georgia Healthy Marriage Initiative." The Georgia Family Council is directing a project to provide marriage education integrated with child support information and motivation. The marriage curricula will vary by cities and organizations. Local coalitions will develop outreach strategies in collaboration with existing community, faith based and public organizations. Project Period: April 1, 2005 to March 31, 2010.
- Idaho Department of Health and Welfare (Nampa, ID).
 "Healthy Marriages and Responsible Fatherhood."
 This project primarily works with couples who have children or who are expecting children, in order to improve child support outcomes such as paternity establishment, child support order establishment, and child support payment. The project recruits couples through a public outreach campaign and through local hospitals. Project Period: June 7, 2003 to

September 30, 2008.

• Illinois Department of Public Aid (Chicago, IL).
"A Child Support Demonstration Project to Help Families Build and Maintain Healthy Family Relationships and Marriage." The purpose of this project is to improve the operation of the child support program through provision of information to unmarried or divorced parents about the benefits of paternity establishment and child support. The project also provides workshops to assist interested couples to form healthy relationships and marry, if they choose. Assistance is also provided for help with employment, child care, and housing. Project Period: October 1, 2004 to September 3, 2007.

• Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children (Lexington, KY).

"Kentucky Healthy Marriage Initiative." This project provides marriage education integrated with child support information to encourage paternity establishment, child support orders and compliance. Participating organizations choose the appropriate marriage curricula. The University of Kentucky coordinates recruitment and education efforts by groups such as Catholic Charities, the Catholic Archdiocese, Agricultural Extension Services, family preservation, the courts, and birthing hospitals.

Project period: July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2008.

 Louisiana Department of Social Services (New Orleans, LA).

"The Healthy Marriage and Responsible Fatherhood Community Demonstration Initiative." This project integrates child support services and marriage strengthening services. Through identification of couples from the in-hospital paternity establishment process, the initiative informs the couple about the benefits of healthy relationships to children's well-being. The program offers post-natal services for parents to strengthen bonds with their children. Additionally, the program provides referrals to premarital and marriage education services at participating hospitals during prenatal and post-birth phases. **Project Period: July 1, 2004 to September 30, 2007.**

 Massachusetts Department of Revenue (Boston, MA).

"Building Healthy Marriages and Family Relationships." This project is part of the Boston Healthy Marriage Initiative, which brings together two existing programs: the Boston Healthy Start Initiative, and the Father Friendly Initiative. The project provides women and men with referrals for services, including healthy marriage education. **Project Period: October 1, 2004 to September 3, 2007.**

 Michigan Family Independence Agency (Grand Rapids, MI).

"Healthy Marriages and Healthy Relationships." This project utilizes faith- and community-based organizations to provide marriage preparation and mentoring services. The goals of the project include improving child support outcomes, creating more supportive community attitudes toward healthy marriage, and providing marriage skills training to interested couples expecting children. **Project Period: October 1, 2003 to September 30, 2008.**

• Minnesota Office of Child Support Enforcement (Minneapolis/St. Paul, MN).

"Minnesota Healthy Marriage and Responsible Fatherhood Initiative." This project encourages

stable family formation by providing services to parents who marry after the birth of their children. Additionally, couples in stable marriages mentor new unwed parents recruited in hospitals from paternity programs and other services. **Project Period: July 1, 2004 to September 30, 2009.**

• **Texas Office of the Attorney General** (San Angelo and Houston, TX).

"Building Strong Families in Texas." These communities will recruit couples from the in-hospital paternity program and pre-natal programs. They will provide marriage education to parents using the "Love's Cradle" curriculum with appropriate child support information using a small group approach preceded by in-home visits of some duration.

Project Period: October 1, 2005 to September 30, 2007.

• Washington Division of Child Support Enforcement (Lakewood, WA).

"Lakewood (Washington) Healthy Marriage and Responsible Fatherhood Coalition." This project provides healthy marriage education integrated with child support information to couples or individuals with children. The curricula may include PAIRS, PREPARE ENRICH, and PREP. A coalition of private and public organizations (e.g., community based and faith based organizations, in-hospital and other pre-and post-natal programs and a local military base) are being organized to recruit participants. Project Period: June 3, 2005 to May 30, 2010.

• Washington Division of Child Support Enforcement (Yakima, WA).

"The Greater Yakima Valley Healthy Marriage and Responsible Fatherhood Community Demonstration." This program will provide marriage education integrated with child support information in order to encourage healthy marriage. The project will use PREPARE ENRICH and PREP marriage education curricula. The target population is low income individuals and Latinos. **Project Period:**June 3, 2005 to May 30, 2010.

Section 1115 Demonstration Projects

These grants provide matching Federal funds for demonstration projects that expand and improve the operation of child support programs. The projects are funded using the Federal Financial Participation (FFP) breakdown as follows: 29% Federal grant award; 5% matching State funds; and 66% FFP match through the IV-D child support enforcement program. The projects are authorized by Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. Although varied, all of these projects approved emphasize the importance of healthy marriage to the child's well-being; the projects also attempt to achieve increased paternity establishment and child support collection rates.

• Maryland Department of Human Resources (Baltimore, MD).

"Baltimore Healthy Marriage Project." Maryland's Community Services Administration and Child Support Enforcement Administration have partnered with the Center for Fathers, Families, and Workforce Development (CFFWD) in Baltimore to implement a project intended to strengthen the relationships of low-income, unwed parents. This will be accomplished through the provision of eight-week training seminars for unwed parents with young children and based upon a culturally-appropriate curriculum developed by CFFWD entitled "Examining Relationships and Marriage with Fragile Families." **Project Period: August 8, 2005 to July 31, 2008.**

Texas Office of the Attorney General (Houston, TX).

"Strong Start – Stable Families: A Project to Promote Financial Security among Young, Unmarried Families." This project aims to intervene with young, unmarried parents immediately prior to and following the birth of their babies to lay the foundation for a stable family and marriage, promote the long-term financial security of children born outof-wedlock, and reduce adversarial child support proceedings. Services include education on paternity establishment, child support, and preparation for parenting, and services and referrals on healthy/stable relationships, marriage preparation and healthy marriage skills, child health and well-being, family economic security, the prevention of family violence, and team-parenting. Project Period: July 1, 2005 to June 31, 2008.

For more information on the Office of Child Support Enforcement, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cse/

ACF-FUNDED HMI DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND GRANT ACTIVITIES:

Office of Community Services (OCS)

The Office of Community Services (OCS) addresses the economic and social needs of the urban and rural poor at the local level through grants and technical assistance.

Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) **Program**

The CSBG Program has funded healthy marriage activities through competitive, discretionary training and technical assistance grants. Granted projects all work to strengthen marriage and support families through community organizations. The grants are authorized by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, Title VI, Subtitle B, as amended.

- Center for Fathers, Families & Workforce Development (Baltimore, MD).
 - "Maryland Healthy Relationships and Marriage Network." This project provides relationship skills and supportive marriage services to individuals in low-income communities and technical assistance that will aid Maryland Community Action Agencies in creating and administering marriage programs. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.
- Delaware Ecumenical Council on Children and Families (Wilmington, DE).
 This project organized around the Delaware Healt

This project, organized around the Delaware Healthy Marriage Initiative, arranges a conference of over 100 participants to organize partnerships among marriage-supporting agencies. **Project Period: October 1, 2003 to December 29, 2004.**

- Delaware Ecumenical Council on Children and Families (Wilmington, DE).
 - "Delmarva Regional Healthy Marriage Initiative." The project is utilizing the skills and abilities gained from the previous grant to provide training and technical assistance on healthy marriage and family strengthening to other faith-based and community service entities in the catchment area. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.**
- Family Services Center at Houston and Harris County (Houston, TX).

"Marriage Education Project." This project is developing a 30-hour marriage education program that will provide a basis for improving the quality of marriage education for low-income English and Spanish speaking participants and will provide technical assistance to Community Service Networks. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.

- Fayette County Community Action Agency (Uniontown, PA).
 - This project provides couples with marriage preparation services using the *Growing Together* and *Becoming a Family* curricula. The project also provided nurse-family pre-pregnancy care. **Project Period: October 1, 2003 to March 31, 2005.**
- Fayette County Community Action Agency (Uniontown, PA).

"Healthy Marriages Research and Education Initiative." The agency will gather information that will aid its efforts to provide relationship education and healthy marriage classes to meet the needs of the rural community. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.**

- First Baptist Community Development Corporation (FBCDC) (Somerset, NJ). This project designs the Couples with Promise (CWP) curriculum to assist low-income couples. CWP has two components: a six-month series of roundtables in which couples exchange ideas about building strong marriages, and a 10-week course based on the book *Empowering Couples* by David and Amy Olsen. Project Period: October 1, 2003 to January 29, 2005.
- Kentucky Association for Community Action, Inc. (Frankfort, KY).

"Kentucky's Healthy Marriage Model." The project is designing and implementing a marriage education program for Community Action Agencies in Kentucky. The program focuses on communication, commitment, and conflict resolution. **Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.**

• Ohio Community Action Training Organization (Columbus, OH).

"OCATO Strengthening Marriages Initiative."
Utilizing the most appropriate curriculum to meet the needs of the Community Action Agencies (CAA), the project will train CAA personnel on the Healthy Marriage curriculum so that there are experts who are certified in this training area in each state in Region 5. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.

Compassion Capital Fund (CCF)

Created in 2002, CCF is a key component of the President's Faith-Based and Community Initiative. CCF

helps faith- and community-based organizations increase their organizational capacities and improve the services they provide, often to those most in need. CCF is funded through appropriations by Congress and is administered under Section 1110 of the Social Security Act. The Compassion Capital Fund administers two grant programs: the CCF Demonstration Program and the CCF Targeted Capacity Building Program (minigrants).

The CCF Demonstration Program funds intermediary organizations to work directly with faith-based and community organizations to provide training and technical assistance and sub-awards. CCF Demonstration Program Announcements have included healthy marriage as one of seven priority areas in which intermediaries could provide services or sub-awards. Grantees electing to include healthy marriage are described below.

- Auburn University (State of AL).
 "The Alabama Marriage and Family Project (AMFP)." The AMFP will work to assist agencies in building capacity to provide programs and services that strengthen families and communities through healthy marriages, two-parent involvement/responsible fatherhood, and family stability. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- California Healthy Marriages Coalition (State of CA).
 "The California Healthy Marriages Project." This project will develop and nurture a coalition to help California families have greater access to programs that will equip them with the skills and knowledge necessary to form and sustain a healthy marriage and family, overcome the risk of gang influence and involvement, and make the transition from welfare to work. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Catholic Charities of Kansas City St. Joseph,
 Inc. (Thirteen counties of Central and Northwest
 Missouri, including metropolitan Kansas City.)
 "Concepts for Effective Service." Catholic Charities
 seeks to empower faith-based and community
 organizations to increase effectiveness to sustain
 programming and services, diversify funding sources,
 and create collaborations to better serve those within
 their respective communities. Project Period:
 September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Clemson University (Rural areas of SC).
 "South Carolina Rural Community Compassion Project." Through the South Carolina Rural Communities Compassion Project, the Center will help build the capacity of rural faith-based and community organizations throughout South Carolina. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.

- The East Los Angeles Community Union (The greater metropolitan area of Southern California, including the western portions of Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernardino, and Riverside Counties). "The Capacity for Hispanic Healthy Marriage and Gang Involved Youth Organizations Project." This project focuses on building the capacity of organizations serving distressed communities with a high need for support among couples who choose marriage and/or intervention with youth at risk of gang involvement and influence. Capacity building will focus on sustainable growth and development among culturally competent organizations while fostering effective programmatic responses to these critical issues, particularly within the Latino community. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Governor's Office of Faith-Based and Community Initiatives (State of OH).
 "Ohio Compassion Capital Project." The Governor's Office, in coordination with the Economic Community Development Institute, Community Care Network, Ohio Community Action Training Organization, and Freestore Foodbank, is intensely engaged in capacity building with grassroots organizations. The project is planning to develop a "Best Practices" healthy marriage curriculum. Additionally, the project is expected to fund up to 12 sites, with a special initiative for youth and adults involved in the justice system. Project Period:

August 1, 2004 to July 31, 2007.

- HIGH County Consulting LLC Faith Initiatives of Wyoming (State of WY).

 "Faith Initiatives of Wyoming Compassion Capital Fund Project." This project provides faith- and community-based organizations with marriage training through the Marriage, Family, and Respect Life Ministry Division of the Catholic Dioceses of Wyoming. Workshops use marriage curricula such as the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) and the FOCCUS^v pre-marital inventories. Project Period: August 1, 2004 to July 31, 2007.
- Inner City Leadership Alliance (BAICLA) (San Francisco, CA).

 "California State Healthy Marriage Initiative (CSHMI)." The CSHMI (formerly the Bay Area Healthy Marriage Initiative) builds the capacity of small faith- and community-based organizations to provide marriage education programs and services. The sub-awards granted through the CSHMI fund three-day Marriage Education Certification Programs, FOCCUS seminars, vi advanced marriage and family strengthening seminars, and a fatherhood project. Project Period: August 1, 2004 to July 31, 2007.

Institute for Contemporary Studies, Bay Area

- Institute for Youth Development (Nationwide). "Compassion Capital Fund Project." Through its Compassion Capital Fund Project, IYD will conduct intensive capacity-building educational conferences for faith-based and community organizations in 12 cities, representing 11 states and one territory. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Institute for Youth Development (IYD)
 (Nationwide).
 "Institute for Youth Compassion Capital Fund." IYD

develops programs to educate teens, parents, and educators about the importance of avoiding alcohol, drugs, sex, tobacco, and violence. As an intermediary, they convey their expertise in these areas to smaller faith-based and community organizations. IYD has made multiple sub-awards which directly support healthy marriage. **Project Period:** August 30, 2002 to September 29, 2005.

- Iowa Family Policy Council (State of IA).

 "Iowa Compassion Capital Project." Iowa Family Policy Council equips faith-based and community organizations to better serve Iowa's poor, gain organizational strength, compete for public funding, encourage effective partnerships among and between public agencies and faith-based and community organizations, and measure the impact of partnerships. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- JVA Consulting, LLC (State of CO). "Colorado Compassion Initiative." The Colorado Compassion Initiative will target Colorado's most distressed communities and those faith-based and community organizations providing services to the neediest populations. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Latino Pastoral Action Center, Inc. (New York City, NY and Chicago, IL). "National Holistic Ministry Development Project." The National Holistic Ministry Development Project seeks to assist faith-based and community organizations in building holistic ministries that help children, youth, and adults to become strong, independent, articulate leaders who legitimately represent and are accountable to their communities. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- The Metropolitan Council (Met Council) on Jewish Poverty (New York City, NY). "Technical Assistance Growth Fund." With CCF funds, Met Council has offered three training and technical assistance conferences on marriage education. Through these conferences, Met Council

- assists small faith- and community-based organizations that provide services for couples to build and sustain healthy marriages. **Project Period:** August 1, 2004 to July 31, 2007.
- One Star Foundation, Inc. (Austin, Houston, Ft. Worth, and San Antonio, TX).

 "The Texas Demonstration Project." This project builds the capacity of faith-based and community organizations so they can increase the scale and effectiveness of their services in their respective communities, form strategic partnerships and collaborations to better serve those in need, as well as increase their access to Federal and other resources. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Technical Assistance for Community Services
 (Portland metropolitan area and 22 selected rural
 communities, OR).
 "The Oregon Faith and Community Based Initiative
 (OFCI)." The OFCI seeks to strengthen the
 organizational infrastructure and stability of faith based and community organizations in rural Oregon
 as well as the Portland metropolitan area. Project
 Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Temple University (North Philadelphia, PA). "The Building Leadership and Organizational Capacity Program." This program will be a formal intermediary agency to small, neighborhood faith-based and community organizations. The program will focus especially on organizations that provide services in the areas of youth violence and gang prevention. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- University of Hawaii (The State of HI.) "Compassion Capital – Hawaii Moving Forward." The Hawaii Moving Forward Project will build a collaborative network among faith-based and community organizations to enrich programs, reduce duplication and enhance services. The project will build organizational capacity, enhancing and diversifying organizations' revenue bases. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.
- Volunteers of America, Inc. (The States of AL, ND, and SD).
 - "Compassion Collaboration." This project will use a comprehensive approach to capacity building that integrates training, technical assistance, and subawards and provides high levels of support and specialized training to faith-based and community organizations in Alabama, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.

• World Vision, Inc. (South Los Angeles and Pomona, CA).

"Tools for Transforming Communities." This project will help build the capacity of grassroots social service organizations in two distressed Los Angeles communities to better serve those most in need. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to February 28, 2007.

The CCF Targeted Capacity Building Program (mini grants) funds faith- and community-based organizations

with a one-year mini-grant to increase their capacity to serve targeted social service priority areas, including increasing marriage education services. Twenty-eight (28) organizations received mini-grants to work in the area of healthy marriage in 2004. Forty-two (42) organizations received mini-grants to work in the area of healthy marriage in 2005.

For more information about the Office of Community Services, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ocs/

ACF-FUNDED HMI DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS AND GRANT ACTIVITIES:

Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR)

The Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) funds programs to help refugees, Cuban/Haitian entrants, asylees, and others establish a new life that is founded on self-support and full participation in the United States. ORR has awarded over \$9 million in grants to organizations that work with refugees to provide healthy marriage activities. The culturally sensitive services provided by grantees include premarital education, marriage education, healthy dating programs for teens, parenting programs, and training for marriage mentoring. These programs, which are based on mainstream models, have been adapted to suit the various languages, cultures and religions of the refugee populations they serve. The legislative authority for these grants comes from the Refugee Act of 1980.

In FY 2002, the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society (HIAS) and the United States Conference of Catholic Bishops (USCCB) submitted a proposal to ORR to fund healthy marriage activities at eight pilot sites: Chicago, IL; Atlanta, GA; San Diego, CA; Denver, CO; Allentown, PA; Pittsburgh, PA; Nashville, TN; and Dallas, TX. ORR awarded HIAS and USCCB a grant of \$850,000 for the period of September 2002 to September 2004.

In September 2003, ORR awarded nine grantees a total of \$2.6 million annually over a three year period to provide healthy marriage services to refugees at over 40 sites around the U.S. These grantees include:

- Boat People SOS (Multiple sites). "Assistance to Refugee Couples (ARC)." This project provides marriage enrichment training primarily to Southeast Asian refugees, using the Prevention and Relationship Enhancement Program (PREP) as its model. The project currently operates in six sites: Orange County, CA; Louisville, KY; Raleigh, NC; Atlanta, GA; Philadelphia, PA; and St. Louis, MO. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.
- Ethiopian Community Development Council (ECDC) (Multiple sites).

 "Strengthening Families in VA, TX, and NV." This project helps to develop outreach, services, and training for African refugee groups, in coalition with local social service providers. The project is also working to develop appropriate marriage enrichment trainers, training programs, and materials for African refugees, and support training refugee couples to act as mentors in their ethnic communities. This project operates in three sites: Arlington, VA; Las Vegas, NV; and Houston, TX. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

- **Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society (HIAS)** (Multiple sites).
 - "Refugee Family Strengthening Program." This project conducts marriage enrichment workshops for refugees in six sites: Atlanta, GA; Chicago, IL; Denver, CO; Tucson, AZ; Bergen County, NJ; and San Diego, CA. HIAS uses culturally appropriate adaptations of the PAIRS^{vii} and Power of Two curricula as its marriage enrichment models. **Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.**
- Kurdish Human Rights Watch (Multiple sites).
 "Family Enrichment Project." This project provides customized Marriage Enrichment workshops to Kurdish populations in three sites: Nashville, TN; Portland, OR; and Detroit, MI. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.
- Lao Family Community Development, Inc. (Multiple sites in CA).

 "Initiative for Healthy Families." This project supports refugees and their families through Mutual Assistance Association (MAA) networks. These networks include the Cambodian MAA, the Slavic MAA, the Lao Mein MAA, and the Vietnamese MAA, all of which include faith- and community-based organizations specific to the populations they serve. This program operates sites in Long Beach, Oakland and Sacramento, CA. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.
- Lutheran Immigration & Refugee Services (LIRS) (Multiple sites).
 "The Healthy Family Initiative." This project helps strengthen marriages and family relationships within refugee communities in three sites: Trenton, NJ; Colorado Springs, CO; and Omaha, NE. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.
- Medical College of Wisconsin, Access Medical Health Clinic, and the Sebastian Psychology Family Practice (State of WI).

 "Initiative for Mental Health." This project strengthens the families and marriages of the refugee population of Milwaukee and throughout the state of Wisconsin. Culturally-sensitive programs are provided for Russian and Ukrainian refugees, Muslim refugees from Africa, and Hmong refugees. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

• Orange County Social Services Agency (Orange County, CA).

"Refugee Family Enrichment Services." This project provides customized premarital educational and marriage enrichment training to refugee youth, young adults and married couples. The project trains refugee couples to act as mentors in their ethnic communities. Additionally, the project is working to build refugee resource centers. This program has sites in Santa Ana, Garden Grove and Anaheim, CA. **Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.**

United States Conference of Catholic Bishops (USCCB) (Multiple sites).

"Strengthening Refugee Families and Marriages."
This project helps integrate marriage and family enrichment services into programs for refugees and refugee families. Project sites are in sixteen locations across the country:

- Phoenix, AZ
- Oakland, CA
- Hartford, CT
- Chicago, IL
- Indianapolis, IN
- Portland, ME
- Grand Rapids, MI
- St. Paul, MN
- St. Louis, MO
- Cleveland, OH
- Knoxville TN
- Dallas, TX
- Houston, TX
- Salt Lake City, UT
- Arlington, VA
- Richmond, VA

Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2006.

For more information on the Office of Refugee Resettlement, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/orr/

AFRICAN AMERICAN HEALTHY MARRIAGE INITIATIVE (AAHMI)

The AAHMI promotes a culturally competent strategy within the broader Healthy Marriage Initiative for fostering healthy marriage and responsible fatherhood, improving child well-being and strengthening families within the African American community. To move the initiative forward, the AAHMI has a three-pronged strategy:

- Education and Communication with the African American community through the use of forums,
- Enhancement of Partnerships by enlisting the support of African American media, African American faith- and community-based organizations, Historically Black Colleges and Universities, and African American civic, public and non-traditional organizations,
- Facilitating Access to Community and ACF Resources by building capacity to deliver marriage education services.

The AAHMI Roundtable met in Washington, DC on August 1, 2003, convening a group of professionals and practitioners serving the African American community. This Roundtable crafted AAHMI's mission statement: "To promote and strengthen the institution of healthy marriage in the African American community."

The AAHMI Roundtable provided a blueprint for the Initiative in the earliest stages, and the AAHMI Forums have provided an arena for national public dialogue on issues pertinent to African American healthy marriage. Additionally, the Forums have served as community outreach efforts, developing in each host city a burgeoning community healthy marriage coalition.

- Atlanta AAHMI Forum "Strengthening Families, Youth Making Healthy Choices." Held at the Morehouse College of Medicine in November 2003, the first AAHMI Forum provided a special venue for discussion on how the AAHMI relates to African American youth. The Forum included workshops on healthy relationships, marriage education, research and applied practices, and model practices for Community Healthy Marriage programs.
- Dallas AAHMI Forum "Why Marriage Matters: The Role of Business and the Media." Held in January 2004, the Dallas Forum featured prominent business and media leaders speaking on the use of the media in promoting healthy marriage. Speakers discussed how media can enhance community level programming, as well as further the goals of the AAHMI via mass communication.
- Chicago AAHMI Forum "Why Marriage Matters: The Role of Faith-Based and Community

- **Organizations."** Held in **May 2004**, the Chicago Forum focused on identifying the needs and resources of clergy and community faith leaders to promote healthy marriage services.
- Los Angeles AAHMI Forum "African American Healthy Marriage: What's Hip Hop Got to Do with It?" Held in September 2004 at UCLA, the LA Forum created a dialogue among youth, adults, and service providers, all working to mobilize youth to educate their peers about making healthy choices and establishing healthy relationships that strengthen families.
- New Orleans, LA "Healthy Marriage Curricula Institute." Held in April 2005, the New Orleans Institute convened marriage educators and practitioners to identify and explore critical and essential elements of a culturally competent curriculum addressing the unique needs of the African American population.
- Rome, GA "Framing the Future: A Fatherhood and Healthy Marriage Forum." Held in May 2005 at the Winshape Retreat Center at Berry College, this Forum created an important dialogue between healthy marriage and fatherhood leaders. Participants explored the challenges and opportunities in building a strong Fatherhood Healthy Marriage partnership to improve child well-being and support the building of stronger children, families and communities.
- Detroit, MI "African American Mini-Academy: From Dialogue to Service Delivery." Held in June 2005, this mini-academy provided an opportunity for selected AAHMI community coalitions delivering healthy marriage services to receive targeted technical assistance in logic model development. Each team developed an action plan addressing challenges and incorporating implementation strategies to strengthen their healthy marriage programs.
- Washington, DC "African American Mini-Academy: From Dialogue to Service Delivery."
 Held in August 2005, this mini-academy provided an opportunity for selected AAHMI community coalitions that are delivering healthy marriage services to receive targeted technical assistance in logic model development. Each team developed an action plan addressing challenges and incorporating implementation strategies to strengthen their healthy marriage programs.

For more information on the African American Healthy Marriage Initiative, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/healthymarriage/aa_hmi/AAHMI.html

HISPANIC HEALTHY MARRIAGE INITIATIVE (HHMI)

The goal of the HHMI is to increase the number of Hispanic children who grow up in healthy, married two-parent families by addressing the unique cultural, linguistic, demographic, and socio-economic needs of families in Hispanic communities. Specifically, this includes increasing awareness in the Hispanic community of the HHMI and establishing readiness in the Hispanic community for accessing marriage related resources.

Since early 2004, the HHMI leadership team has held discussions with prominent leaders from faith- and community-based organizations in multiple cities around the country and in Puerto Rico. These leaders came together for the first, national Roundtable in Washington, DC in October 2004. At the Roundtable, the leaders offered suggestions for developing the goals and strategies for the nationwide implementation of the HHMI. To date HHMI has hosted a total of 15 roundtables in cities in 7 states and Puerto Rico. These events were attended by over 800 individuals interested in learning more about supporting healthy marriage within the Hispanic community.

The Roundtables and other events have stimulated many local organizations to create coalitions to lead and develop healthy marriage initiatives in their own communities. To date collaborative partnerships have been formed in Los Angeles, Chicago, Phoenix, San Antonio, Houston, Colorado Springs, Philadelphia, Orlando, San Juan, Orlando, Ft. Myers, Tampa, and Miami and many local Hispanic Healthy Marriage Initiatives have been launched.

HHMI has also cultivated a diverse set of key organizations and individuals interested in supporting and strengthening healthy marriage among Hispanics. This includes national and state Hispanic organizations as well

as state and local government agencies. Many of these organizations served as co-hosts for HHMI forums or conferences around the nation. Their interest and support has resulted in grants for healthy marriage services, capacity building activities and events, and the training and certification of many individuals to teach various marriage education curricula, among other important steps.

The HHMI work has also resulted in a collaborative working relationship with a national foundation, the Annie E. Casey Foundation. The partners at the Foundation have sponsored the marriage education certification of community leaders and commissioned a literature review that focuses on the specific healthy marriage needs of Hispanics.

The first-ever Hispanic Healthy Marriage Research Meeting took place in Washington, DC on September 12 and 13, 2005. This meeting brought together researchers, practitioners and marriage education curricula developers to provide insights into designing marriage education programs for a Hispanic audience and to present new research in the area of Hispanic marriage.

HHMI has also developed and produced materials designed to inform Hispanics about the Healthy Marriage Initiative. These materials have been widely distributed at roundtables, conferences and forums.

For more information on the Hispanic Healthy Marriage Initiative, go to:

http://www.acf.hhs.gov/healthymarriage/about/hispanic_h m_initiative.html

ACF-FUNDED HMI RESEARCH

The Office of Planning, Research and Evaluation (OPRE) in ACF supports research and evaluation focused on improving the effectiveness and efficiency of ACF programs. Its functions include developing evaluation and research studies and managing their conduct; reviewing and analyzing research and evaluation findings; disseminating data analyses and research and demonstration findings; and providing guidance and technical resources to ACF programs. Rigorous research and evaluation has played an integral role in the design and implementation of the Healthy Marriage Initiative since its inception.

Multi-site Evaluations

ACF has launched three evaluations of approaches to providing healthy marriage education services. These evaluations study programs operated by ACF partners at the state and local level.

- Building Strong Families. The purpose of this project is to evaluate healthy marriage services for romantically involved low-income, unwed parents around the time of the birth of a child. The BSF project entails three major components: providing technical assistance to program sites, analyzing program implementation, and conducting impact analysis. This project is an important opportunity to learn whether well-designed programs and services can help couples fulfill their aspirations for a healthy marriage. Contractor: Mathematica Policy Research, Inc. Project Period: September 29, 2002 to September 29, 2011.
- Community Healthy Marriage Initiative Evaluation. This project evaluates the implementation of healthy marriage demonstrations, funded through the Office of Child Support Enforcement Section 1115 authority, that aim to improve outcomes for children, adults, and the greater community. The evaluation examines outcomes related to marital quality and stability, parenting behaviors, and child support. Some programs may be selected for an impact evaluation using a matched comparison site design. Contractor: RTI International. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2010.
- Supporting Healthy Marriage. This study evaluates methods of helping low-income married couples to strengthen and maintain their marriages. The project involves working in partnership with state or local officials in selected sites, providing technical assistance in the design and implementation of marriage skills programs, and analyzing program implementation and impacts. Contractor: MDRC.

Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 29, 2012.

Other Research Contracts Sponsored by ACF

ACF has also sponsored other projects related to healthy marriage.

- Financial Disincentives to Marriage. This research examines tax provisions and policies within federal and state programs, including the Earned Income Tax Credit and means-tested benefit programs such as welfare or food stamps. This project features a database that catalogs relevant federal and state tax policies and social service program rules that create marriage benefits and penalties. Contractor: Urban Institute. Project Period: September 22, 2003 to March 31, 2006.
- Healthy Marriage Precursors: Relationship Development among Low-Income Youth and Young Adults. This project documents trends and current patterns of dating and relationship formation among lower-income high school age youth and young adults and differences among racial/ethnic groups. It includes development of recommendations regarding the components or characteristics of effective interventions to increase healthy dating and relationship formation leading to stable and healthy marriages later in life based on review and analysis of research and evaluation literature and existing practices. Contractor: RAND. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to July 31 2006.
- Marriage, Employment, and Family Functioning: Conceptual Framework for Interventions. This exploratory study synthesizes research relevant to decision-making and behavior about marriage, family formation, employment and earnings and family time use with a focus on low-income populations. It also develops a conceptual framework for further research on these interrelated aspects of family and work life. A broader understanding of the realities facing low income families and the trade offs families make at critical junctures in their development could contribute to the development of policy and human services demonstrations and evaluations. Contractor: The Urban Institute. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 30, 2006.
- Measuring Couple Relationships. This study reviews the state of the art in measuring couple relationships across a broad range of categories, covering psychological, sociological, economic, and

- other relevant literatures. The project assesses the need for refinement of current measures to better address the multiple dimensions of couple relationships. Contractor: Child Trends. **Project Period: June 18, 2003 to June 30, 2006.**
- Options for Collecting Marriage and Divorce Statistics. This project is jointly sponsored by ACF and the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (ASPE), with cooperation from the National Center for Health Statistics and the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development. The study analyzes options for improving the collection of marriage and divorce statistics at the federal, state, and local levels. Contractor: The Lewin Group. Project Period: September 30, 2003 to September 30, 2006.
- Service Delivery Settings and Evaluation Design Options for Strengthening and Promoting Healthy Marriage. This research examines potential opportunities for, and challenges to, expanding healthy marriage education services in a variety of settings and provides recommendations related to integrating evaluation decisions into the design of programs to strengthen healthy marriages. A second component provides a systematic review of rigorous evaluations of marriage education programs. Contractor: The Urban Institute. Project Period: October 31, 2002 to March 31, 2004.
- Supporting Healthy Marriage in Stepfamilies. This project develops one or more conceptual frameworks for interventions to support healthy marriage and parental relationships within lower-income married stepfamilies based on research findings on the stresses/challenges within such families and the factors associated with positive couple/family interactions. The framework also reflects lessons from current practice based on information gained from site visits and discussions with practitioners. Contractor: Abt Associates, Inc. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to July 31, 2006.

Healthy Marriage Initiative Research Grants

• Auburn University (Auburn, AL).

"A Longitudinal Study of the Impact of Marriage Education among Low-Income, Ethnically Diverse Youth." This impact study will look at the effects of a youth marriage and relationship educational component given to low-income, ethnically diverse high schools in Alabama on such outcomes as healthy dating patterns, knowledge about the importance of healthy marriage and dangers of unhealthy and abusive relationships, levels of self-efficacy, use of active identity processing style, increases in future orientation, lower levels of acceptance and

- prevalence of risky sexual behaviors, and lower rates of teen pregnancy. **Project Period:** September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2010.
- Florida State University (Tallahassee, FL). "Efficacy of Program for Strong African American Marriage." This impact study will examine the strength of Pro SAAM, a marriage education program designed for poor, rural African American couples on such outcomes as marital satisfaction and stability, proposing that forgiveness, commitment and intentions are mediators of program effects. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2009.
- Johns Hopkins University (Baltimore, MD). "Ethnographic and Survey Studies of the Determinants of Healthy Marriage." This project explores four areas of marriage and family formation for rural and urban, low-income mothers: 1) the relationship between abuse and marriage/cohabitation patterns, 2) the ways that multiple-partner fertility complicates couple relations, 3) fears of divorce and timing of childbirth in relation to marriage and 4) trust within low-income couple relationships. Project Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2007.
- Oklahoma State University (Stillwater, OK). "Researching Recruitment Challenges in Low-Income Marriage Education Programs." This project identifies recruitment barriers of low income couples to marriage education both from couple and marriage education practitioner samples, synthesizes current recruitment practices of marriage education programs, and measures communication, problem solving abilities and stress levels among low-income and middle-income couples to test the hypothesis that low-income couples have fewer communication skills and thus, are less able to agree about marriage education participation. **Project** Period: September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2008.
- Orelena Hawks Puckett Institute (Morgantown, NC).

"Discerning Pathways to Marital Stability." This project identifies the extent to which demographic characteristics, interpersonal parent factors, and social support are related to the chances that a couple gets and stays married until their child reaches 5 years old. Researchers are building a model using a dataset of 500 low-income, racially diverse mothers and testing the robustness of the model on a second sample of comparable mothers. **Project Period:**September 30, 2005 to September 29, 2006.

For more information on HMI research, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/healthymarriage/funding/opre_pr ojects.html#strong_families

OTHER HMI-RELATED PARTNERSHIPS AND PROJECTS

Partnerships are important to the Healthy Marriage Initiative. In addition to the state and local partners involved in multiple demonstration projects, ACF collaborates with AmeriCorps*VISTA (Volunteers in Service to America) and the Federal Employee Assistance Program (EAP).

AmeriCorps*VISTA Partnership with ACF's HMI

AmeriCorps*VISTA is a national service program for men and women ages 18 and older who are interested in serving in faith- and community-based organizations. For 35 years, AmeriCorps*VISTA has been helping to bring communities and individuals out of poverty. Today, nearly 6,000 AmeriCorps*VISTA members serve in hundreds of nonprofit organizations and public agencies throughout the country. Promoting family-strengthening activities, such as those that form and sustain healthy marriages, is one of three primary objectives for AmeriCorps*VISTA. Consequently, in 2003 AmeriCorps*VISTA collaborated with ACF to hold conferences around the United States to promote the use of AmeriCorps*VISTA volunteers to potential organizations. It is estimated that these conferences reached over 1,100 people. ACF's regional offices have

also promoted the use of AmeriCorps*VISTA volunteers to HMI grantees. For example, the Bay Area Inner City Leadership Alliance (BAICLA), a Compassion Capital Fund (CCF) grantee, has drawn on the services of VISTA volunteers to support the marriage-strengthening programs it provides. VISTA volunteers assist by recruiting and organizing volunteers, and training direct service providers in marriage preparation and education services.

For more information on Americorps*VISTA, go to: http://www.americorps.org/vista/index.html

Federal Employee Assistance Pilot Program on Marriage Education

Federal Occupational Health (FOH), a contractor with the Department of Health and Human Services, is working with ACF to develop a Healthy Marriage pilot program for federal employees. This pilot program adds marriage education services to the existing array of services offered to federal employees through the Employee Assistance Program. The program may eventually be implemented throughout DHHS and possibly the federal government.

LESSONS LEARNED

Since the inception of the HMI in 2002, ACF and its partners have learned valuable lessons on how to support healthy marriages in different settings and with different groups. The following points summarize some lessons learned through two primary sources. One source is a qualitative analysis of a project focusing on low-income unmarried parents, supported by the Office of Child Support Enforcement. The second source is written progress reports and oral reports from grantees working with the Office of Refugee Resettlement. While the findings below stem from these specific projects, the lessons highlight issues that are likely to be useful in other programs or settings.

Desire by Clients for These Services

- Program experience indicates that couples who
 participate in these programs are very receptive to the
 content in marriage education services. Many report
 that they wish the program was longer.
- Program staff are sometimes unaware that romantic, viable relationships exist among low-income unmarried parents or that couples are interested in marriage.

Marketing and Recruitment

- Although clients often have positive responses once they begin participating, they are often initially unaware of what marriage education services are and how they might benefit from participation.
 Therefore, outreach, advertising, and marketing are necessary.
- It may be necessary to employ a variety of advertising and recruitment approaches. It is also important to take the community and cultural context into consideration in developing strategies and materials.
- Posting notice in multiple settings is important.
 Some programs have found that postings on community bulletin boards and at barber shops and beauty salons have been fruitful methods for recruiting participants.
- Past program "graduates" who have participated and benefited from the programs may be good recruiters and the best source of new referrals.

Staff Composition

 Identify and retain a qualified and enthusiastic project director. The overall success of any particular program will depend on many factors, but one of the most important factors is the skill and zeal of the local project director. The local leader should have an entrepreneurial personality, since starting a healthy marriage program is akin to starting a new business.

- Provide adequate staff training to address serious issues that may face some participants and develop appropriate mechanisms to link participants to needed services. For example, some participants may be dealing with current or past domestic violence or mental health problems that need to be addressed immediately.
- Utilizing male staff, in addition to female staff, is important in encouraging participation by men and both partners within couples. Male staff might function as co-facilitators with females to provide alternative perspectives and relationship role modeling. They may also serve as recruitment/outreach workers with a special focus on increasing participation by men.
- Use married couples. Married couples can be used as program staff or play other roles such as mentors. In any case, they can serve as healthy marriage role models. For some target populations, participants may not have seen many couples working through long-term healthy marriages.
- Look for staff and other support from varied sources.
 Help may be available through interns, volunteers,
 AmeriCorps*VISTA workers, and clergy. Many
 local colleges have intern and volunteer programs
 already in place. Local clergy are often very willing
 to assist with classes and with recruitment.

Formatting Classes

- Utilize group settings. Couples tend to prefer marriage education services delivered in small classes or group settings, rather than one-on-one.
- Serve participants in groups based on their characteristics. In order to be most meaningful, the choice of curriculum content should be tailored to the circumstances of participants. For example, there are disadvantages to combining unattached single parents and romantically involved or married couples in the same group sessions.
- Adapt curricula to engage persons with different backgrounds. The Healthy Marriage Initiative is being translated and extended to many different communities and cultures. Some curricula content must be adapted to reflect and address communities with different expectations or norms. Important differences may exist regarding gender roles, religion, culture or traditions.
- Make classes lively and entertaining. In order to promote continued participation, healthy marriage staff should have excellent presentation techniques that engage clients. Such staff must receive appropriate training and feedback from program management.

- Offer classes in a variety of settings. Because
 participation is voluntary, services must be offered
 within organizational settings that are comfortable
 and acceptable to the target population. Comfort
 levels may vary depending on the location; some
 participants may be comfortable attending sessions in
 faith-based settings and others may not.
- Variety in approach creates interest. Some programs have held special "couples nights," where couples sit at romantic candlelit tables for class. Other programs have had outdoor outings for their couples.
- Offer classes at a variety of times. Often, both members of a couple are busy with work or other obligations. Scheduling classes at night or on the weekend may better facilitate participation.

- Offer classes in a variety of locations. Not all
 participants have the transportation necessary to
 reach a single designation location. In response,
 some programs have shifted the location of classes
 from one place to another at different times and
 others offer the same services in multiple locations.
- Provide activities for children at the same time as the adult activities in order to facilitate parental participation. Some programs have volunteers who care for young children and computer rooms for older children. During the summer, some sites have offered classes to teens on healthy dating.
- Some programs have offered modest incentives, such as "baby bucks" (money toward baby clothes and toys) or door prizes, to encourage regular and ongoing attendance.

ACF-FUNDED HMI RESOURCES AND MATERIALS AVAILABLE

Since the creation of the Healthy Marriage Initiative in 2002, ACF has provided information about the healthy marriage initiative to the general public. ACF's website (http://www.acf.hhs.gov/healthymarriage/index.html) provides access to current information on the HMI.

ACF has also provided technical assistance to state and local agencies through contracted resources and staff experts in each of the 10 regional offices and in the central office.

The funding provided by the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 will allow for the provision of additional expert technical assistance to ACF grantees and others interested in supporting healthy marriage.

Technical Assistance to Healthy Marriage Initiatives

ACF launched the initial technical assistance component of the HMI in the fall of 2002.

- Technical Assistance (TA) for Individual Sites. Since October 2002, The Lewin Group, under contract to ACF, has provided technical assistance (TA) to healthy marriage programs. Lewin's TA focuses on organizations that have been funded by ACF to conduct HMI activities. The TA includes assisting in building coalitions, developing Management Information Systems (MIS), convening conferences for the support of stakeholders, and providing data to document the need for the initiative or to refine the community strategy. One product available to interested parties is a technical assistance tool kit with information on a number of issues related to healthy marriage.
- 2-Day Training Workshops. In addition to sitespecific assistance, Lewin and ACF organized a number of two-day training workshops in Chattanooga, TN, in partnership with a long-standing community healthy marriage program there. The workshops served two purposes: allowing sites to learn more about how to get started or move forward with implementing their HMIs, and providing sites with opportunities to share experiences and network with one another.

For more information on the technical assistance tool kit and links to related materials, go to: http://www.lewin.com/Spotlights/Features/Spotlight_Feature_CHMI.htm

Sharing Lessons across States and Communities

The Welfare Peer Technical Assistance Network, organized for state and local governments through ACF's Office of Family Assistance, supports the Healthy Marriage Initiative by listing events and articles on healthy marriage. Previously, Peer TA hosted two

Healthy Marriage Workshops and three Roundtables which highlight best practices and model programs that encourage the development and sustaining of healthy marriages. For more information on the Welfare Peer Technical Assistance Network, go to: http://peerta.acf.hhs.gov.

Additionally, through Rapid Response Training Conferences, another project of the Office of Family Assistance, states and communities have convened to discuss issues related to the HMI. Between 2002 and 2004, four conferences focusing on healthy marriage, fatherhood, family formation, and strengthening families were held across the country. Activities at the conferences included discussion of the HMI in general and information-sharing on research, resources, strategies, and program development.

National Healthy Marriage Resource Center (NHMRC)

Sponsored by ACF's Office of Family Assistance, the NHMRC was funded in September 2004. It is designed to serve as a national repository and distribution center for information and research relating to healthy marriage for educators, practitioners, individuals, and other interested entities. In addition, the NHMRC aims to provide the public with information on how to find healthy marriage programs.

More information on the National Healthy Marriage Resource Center will be forthcoming. Visit the HMI home page,

http://www.acf.hhs.gov/healthymarriage/index.html, to learn more.

Further Readings on the Healthy Marriage Initiative

In the following readings, Dr. Wade F. Horn, Assistant Secretary for Children and Families, discusses the Healthy Marriage Initiative.

Dr. Horn discusses marriage research and programs offering marriage strengthening services.

Horn, W. "Closing the Marriage Gap." *Crisis Magazine*, 21 (6), June 2003.

http://www.crisismagazine.com/june2003/

Dr. Horn testifies before the Senate Subcommittee on Children and Families about the Healthy Marriage Initiative.

Horn, W. (April 28, 2004.) "Testimony: Statement by Wade F. Horn, Ph.D."

http://www.hhs.gov/asl/testify/t040428d.html

POINTS OF CONTACT IN ACF

ACF is divided into ten regions. Persons listed below may be contacted for questions regarding the Healthy Marriage Initiative in each region.

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	Barbara Andrews Healthy Marriage Team Liaison	(212) 264-2890 ext. 101	bandrews@acf.hhs.gov	
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Region VII	Pamela Marr, Healthy Marriage Specialist	Federal Office Building 601 E. 12 th St., Room 276 Kansas City, MO 64106 (816) 426-2230 Fax (816) 426-2888	pmarr@acf.hhs.gov	Iowa Kansas Missouri Nebraska
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Sara Lee, Office of Community Services, Contact for Community Services	370 L'Enfant Promenade, SW Washington, DC 20447 (202) 401-4850	slee@acf.hhs.gov	

Block Grant HMI			
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APPENDIX A: ACF PROGRAM OFFICES

Administration on Developmental Disabilities (ADD):

ADD ensures that individuals with developmental disabilities and their families participate in the design of, and have access to, culturally competent services, supports, and opportunities that promote independence, productivity, integration, and inclusion into the community. For more information on ADD, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/add/

Administration for Native Americans (ANA): ANA promotes the goal of self-sufficiency for Native Americans by providing social and economic development opportunities through financial assistance, training, and technical assistance. For more information on ANA, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ana/

Child Care Bureau (CCB): The Child Care Bureau supports low-income working families through child care financial assistance. In addition, CCB promotes children's learning by improving the quality of early care, education, and after school programs. For more information on CCB, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ccb/

Children's Bureau (CB): CB works with State and local agencies to develop programs that focus on preventing the abuse of children in troubled families, protecting abused children, and finding permanent placements for those who cannot safely return to their homes. For more information on CB, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cb/

Family and Youth Services Bureau (FYSB): FYSB provides services and opportunities to young people, particularly runaway and homeless youth. For more information on FYSB, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/fysb/

Head Start Bureau (HSB): Head Start and Early Head Start are comprehensive child development programs that serve children from birth to age five, pregnant women, and their families. They are child-focused programs and have the overall goal of increasing the school readiness of young children in low-income families. For more information on HSB, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/hsb/

Office of Child Support Enforcement (OCSE): OCSE facilitates State and Tribal development of programs that

locate non-custodial parents, establish paternity when necessary, and obtain and enforce child support orders. For more information on OCSE, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/cse/

Office of Community Services (OCS): OCS addresses the economic and social needs of the urban and rural poor at the local level by providing grant monies and technical assistance. For more information on OCS, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ocs/

Office of Family Assistance (OFA): OFA oversees the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Program which was created by the Welfare Reform Law of 1996. TANF provides assistance and work opportunities to needy families by granting states the federal funds and wide flexibility to develop and implement their own welfare programs. For more information on OFA, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/ofa/

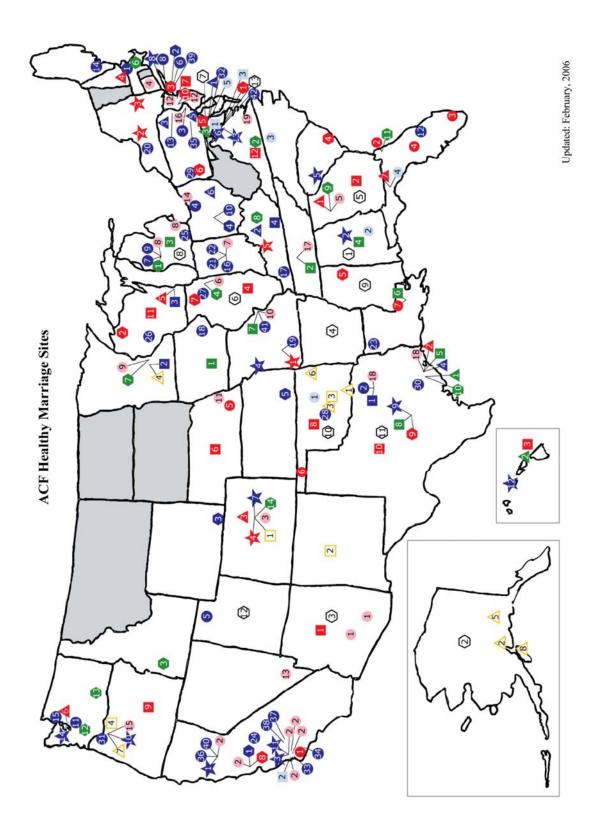
Office of Planning, Research and Evaluation (OPRE):

OPRE is the principal office in ACF that works on improving the effectiveness and efficiency of ACF programs. Its functions include developing, monitoring and evaluating programs; collecting and analyzing data; disseminating data analyses, research, and demonstration findings; and providing guidance, technical assistance, and oversight to ACF programs. For more information on OPRE, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/opre/

Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR): ORR helps refugees, Cuban/Haitian entrants, asylees, and others to establish a new life that is founded on self-support and full participation in the United States. For more information on ORR, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/orr/

President's Committee for People with Intellectual Disabilities (PCPID): PCPID advises the President of the United States and the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services on issues concerning citizens with intellectual disabilities. PCPID also coordinates activities between different federal agencies and assesses the impact of their policies upon the lives of citizens with intellectual disabilities and their families. For more information on PCPID, go to: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/pcpid/

APPENDIX B:¹



LEGEND **ACF Healthy Marriage Sites**

Children's Bureau

🛖 Healthy Marriage University Curriculum Development

- 1. Forest Institute of Professional Psychology Springfield,
- Syracuse University Syracuse, NY
- The Research Foundation of SUNY Albany, NY
- 4. University of Denver (Colorado Seminary) Denver, CO
- 5. University of Louisville Research Foundation, Inc. -Louisville, KY

Safe and Stable Healthy Marriage Activities

1. Arizona 7. New Jersey 2. Georgia 8. Oklahoma 3. Hawaii 9. Oregon 4. Illinois 10. Texas 11. Wisconsin 5. Maryland 6. Nebraska 12. Virginia

▲ Post-Adoption Services & Marriage Education **Demonstration Projects**

- Bethany Christian Services, Inc. Atlanta, GA
- 2. DePelchin Children's Center Houston, TX
- 3. Colorado Coalition of Adoptive Families Louisville, CO
- 4. Child & Family Services of New Hampshire Manchester, NH
- Adoption Resources of Wisconsin Milwaukee, WI
- 6. Children's Home Society of Washington Seattle, WA
- 7. Children's Home Society of Florida Tallahassee, FL

Promoting Safe and Stable Families: Projects to Strengthen Marriages

- 1. County of Orange Santa Ana, CA
- 2. Florida Department of Children and Families Jacksonville,
- 3. Florida Department of Children and Families Ft. Lauderdale, FL
- 4. Florida Department of Children and Families Central Florida
- 5. Nebraska Department of HHS Lincoln, NE
- Oklahoma Department of Human Services Northwest Panhandle
- 7. State of Louisiana Dept. of Social Services Baton Rouge,

Demonstration Projects that Improve Child Well-Being by Fostering Healthy Marriage Within Underserved Communities

- 1. East Capitol Center for Change Washington, DC
- 2. Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Bayfield, WI
- The Osborne Association Long Island City, NY
- 4. Heritage Community Services, Inc. Charleston, SC
- Starkville School District Starkville, MS
- Family Guidance, Inc. Sewickley, PA
- Rockford MELD Rockford, IL
- Lao Family Community Development, Inc. Oakland, CA
- Texas Health and Human Services Commission Austin,
- 10. Catholic Charities, Diocese of Trenton Trenton, NJ

Administration for Native Americans

Social and Economic Development Strategies

- 1. Denver Indian Family Resource Center Lakewood, CO
- 2. First Nations Community Health Source Albuquerque,
- Chickasaw Nation of Oklahoma Ada, OK
- 4. Native Wellness Institute Gresham, OR

Fostering Healthy Marriages

- 1. Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma Durant, OK
- Chugachimuit Anchorage, AK
- 3. Citizen Powawatomi Nation Shawnee, OK
- 4. Greater Minneapolis Council of Churches Minneapolis,
- 5. MT Sanford Tribal Consortium Gakona, AK
- National Women's Indian Health Resource Center -Tahlequah, OK
- Native American Youth and Family Center Portland, OR
- 8. Shoonaq Tribe of Kodiak Kodiak, AK

Office of Child Support Enforcement

Special Improvement Project Grants

- 1. Iowa Department of Human Services Des Moines, IA
- 2. Tennessee Department of Human Services Nashville, TN
- Michigan State University East Lansing, MI
 Alabama Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Board Montgomery, AL
- 5. Families Under Urban and Social Attack Houston, TX
- South Baton Rouge Christian Children's Foundation of Louisiana - Baton Rouge, LA
- Fathers' Support Center St. Louis, MO
- 8. Texas Office of the Attorney General Austin, TX

▲ 1115 Grants

- 1. Houston, TX
- 2. Hawaii
- 3. Maryland

1115 Waivers

- 1. OCSE 1115 #1 Grand Rapids, MI
- 2. OCSE 1115 #2 VA
- 3. OCSE 1115 #3 Nampa, ID
- 4. OCSE 1115 #4 Chicago, IL
- 5. OCSE 1115 #5 New Orleans, LA
- 6. OCSE 1115 #6 Boston, MA
- 7. OCSE 1115 #7 Minneapolis / St. Paul, MN
- 8. OCSE 1115 #8 Lexington, KY
- 9. OCSE 1115 #9 Atlanta, GA
- 10. OCSE 1115 #10 Houston, TX 11. OCSE 1115 #11 - Jacksonville, FL
- 12. OCSE 1115 #12 Lakewood, WA
- 13. OCSE 1115 #13 Yakima, WA
- 14. OCSE 1115 #14 Denver, CO

Compassion Capital Fund Mini Grants

- 1. African Assistance Center of Greater Lowell Lowell, MA
- Alliance for North Texas Healthy & Effective Marriage Dallas, TX
- 3. Asian Social Service Center, Inc. Philadelphia, PA
- 4. Better Together Cleveland, OH
- 5. Box Elder Family Center, Inc. Brigham City, UT
- 6. Catholic Charities Community Services New York, NY
- 7. Child and Family Resource Council Grand Rapids, MI
- 8. Christ the Rock International, Inc. Brooklyn, NY
- 9. City Vision, Inc. Grand Rapids, MI
- 10. Columbus Marriage Coalition, Inc. Columbus, OH
- 11. Community Counseling Institute Tacoma, WA
- 12. Discovery Counseling Orlando, FL
- 13. El Shaddai Bethlehem Ministries Bethlehem, PA
- Embracing Marriage: The Greater Portland Coalition for Marriage Education – Portland, ME
- 15. Families Northwest Bellevue, WA
- Fathers and Families Resource / Research Center, Inc. Indianapolis, IN
- 17. FOCUS Ministries, Inc. Madisonville, KY
- Hawkeye Area Community Action Program, Inc. Hiawatha, IA
- 19. The Healthy Family Center, Inc. Springfield, MO
- 20. HOPE Initiatives CDC, Inc. Rochester, NY
- 21. Indiana Family Institute Indianapolis, IN

- Indiana Healthy Marriage and Family Coalition, Inc. Indianapolis, IN
- 23. Little Union Baptist Church Shreveport, LA
- 24. Marriage Mentoring Ministries, Inc. Pinedale, CA
- 25. Marriages That Work Adrian, MI
- Mediation & Marriage Education Center of Menomonie Menomonie, WI
- 27. Meier Clinics Foundation Wheaton, IL
- 28. Merry Heart Guidance Center, Inc. Oklahoma City, OK
- 29. Network of Hope Allison Park, PA
- 30. Northside Christian Church Spring, TX
- 31. Northwest Marriage Institute Vancouver, WA
- Northwood-Appold United Methodist Church Baltimore, MD
- Orange County Marriage Education & Training Institute Anaheim, CA
- 34. Relationship Research Foundation, Inc. Irvine, CA
- 35. Responsive Community Resources, Inc. Souderton, PA
- 36. Sacramento Healthy Marriage Project Sacramento, CA
- 37. Samaritan Counseling Center Upland, CA
- San Gabriel Valley Marriage Resource Center Claremont, CA
- 39. Shalom Task Force New York, NY
- 40. Slavic Assistance Center, Inc. Sacramento, CA
- 41. St. Louis Healthy Marriage Coalition St. Louis, MO
- 42. Wedded Bliss Foundation, Inc. Washington, DC

Office of Community Services

▲ Community Services Block Grant: Promoting Healthy Marriages

- Center for Father, Families & Workforce Development –
 Baltimore, MD
- Kentucky Association for Community Action, Inc. Frankfort, KY
- Fayette County Community Action Agency, Inc. Fayette, PA
- Family Services at Houston and Harris County Houston, TX
- Delaware Ecumenical Council on Children and Families Wilmington, DE
- Ohio Community Action Training Organization Columbia, OH

2003 CCF Intermediaries

- 1. Foundation for Community Empowerment Dallas, TX
- Greater Minneapolis Council of Churches Minneapolis, MN
- Hold Redeemer Institutional Church of God in Christ Milwaukee, WI
- Kentucky River Foothills Development Council, Inc. Richmond, KY

2004 CCF Intermediaries

- 1. The Institute for Contemporary Studies Oakland, CA
- 2. Metropolitan Council on Jewish Poverty New York, NY
- 3. High County Consulting Cheyenne, WY
- Ohio Governor's Office of Faith-Based and Community Initiatives – Columbus, OH
- 5. Wichita State University Wichita, KS

2005 CCF Intermediaries

- California State Healthy Marriages Coalition Sacramento, CA
- 2. Auburn University Auburn, AL
- 3. East Los Angeles Community Union Los Angeles, CA
- Catholic Charities of Kansas City St. Joseph, Inc. Kansas City, MO
- 5. Clemson University Clemson, SC
- 6. Institute for Youth Development Sterling, VA
- 7. JVA Consulting, LLC Denver, CO
- 8. Latino Pastoral Action Center, Inc. Bronx, NY
- 9. One Star Foundation, Inc. Austin, TX
- Technical Assistance for Community Services Portland, OR
- The East Los Angeles Community Union Los Angeles, CA
- 12. University of Hawaii Honolulu, HI
- 13. Volunteers of America, Inc. Alexandria, VA
- 14. World Vision, Inc. Federal Way, WA

Office of Refugee Resettlement

Healthy Marriage Education Programs

1. Arizona

Phoenix

Tucson

2. California

Los Angeles Long Beach

Oakland

Orange County

Sacramento

San Diego

3. Colorado

Colorado Springs

4. Connecticut

Hartford

5. Georgia

Atlanta

6. Illinois

Chicago

7. Indiana

Indianapolis

8. Michigan

Detroit

Grand Rapids

9. Minnesota

St. Paul

10. Missouri

St. Louis

11. Nebraska

Omaha

12. New Jersey

Teaneck

Trenton

13. Nevada

Las Vegas

14. Ohio

Cleveland

15. Oregon

Portland

16. Pennsylvania

Philadelphia

17. Tennessee

Nashville

18. Texas

Dallas

Houston

19. Virginia

Richmond

Office of Planning Research and Evaluation

Healthy Marriage Contracts

- 1. Abt Associates, Inc. Bethesda, MD
- 2. RAND Santa Monica, CA
- 3. Urban Institute Washington, DC

Healthy Marriage Grants

- 1. Oklahoma State University Stillwater, OK
- 2. Auburn University Auburn, AL
- 3. Orelena Hawks Puckett Institute Morgantown, NC
- 4. Florida State University Tallahassee, FL
- 5. Johns Hopkins University Baltimore, MD

Office of Family Assistance

○ TANF Activities

- 1. Alabama
- 2. Alaska
- 3. Arizona
- 4. Arkansas5. Georgia
- 6. Illinois
- 7. Maryland
- 8. Michigan
- 9. Mississippi
- 10. Oklahoma
- 11. Texas
- 12. Utah
- 13. Washington, DC

Endnotes

Endnotes from Trend Data Box

- ¹ From 10.6 marriages per 1,000 population in 1970 (U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 1999: p. 110, Table 155), to 8.4 in 2001 (U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 2003: Table 126, www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/vitstat.pdf).
- ² U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 1987: p. 38, Table 44; and U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 2003: Table 61, www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/pop.pdf
- ³ Note that Hispanics may be included in the White and Black categories. U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 2003: Table 61, www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/pop.pdf
- ⁴ Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Health Statistics,
- "Nonmarital Childbearing in the United States, 1940-99," *National Vital Statistics Reports*, Volume 48, Number 16, p. 17, Table 1, http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr48/nvs48_16.pdf; *National Vital Statistics Reports*, Volume 52, Number 10, p. 53, Table 17, http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr52/nvsr52_10.pdf
- ⁵ National Vital Statistics Reports, Volume 52, Number 10, p. 53, Table 17, http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr52/nvsr52 10.pdf
- ⁶ U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 1987: p. 61, Table 86; and U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 2003: Table 92, http://www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/vitstat.pdf
- ⁷ In 1970, 523,000 opposite-sex households cohabitated out of 63,401,000 total households .8% of all households (U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987:* p. 42, Tables 54 and 55). In 2000, 4,881,000 opposite-sex households cohabitated out of 105,480,000 total households 4.6% of all households (U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 2003:* Table 69, www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/pop.pdf)
- ⁸ Bumpass, Larry & Lu, Hsien-Hen. (2000) "Trends in Cohabitation and Implications for Children's Family Contexts in the U.S." *Population Studies*, 54 (29-41). As cited by The National Marriage Project. (2004). *State of Our Unions: The Social Health of Marriage in America*. National Marriage Project, Piscataway, NJ: June 2004. p. 21.
- ⁹ U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 2003: Table 83, www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/vitstat.pdf
- ¹⁰ Karen Scott Collins, Cathy Schoen, Susan Joseph et al. (May 1999.) Violence and Abuse. Special Report, as cited in Health Concerns Across a Woman's Lifespan: The Commonwealth Fund 1998 Survey of Women's Health. Retrieved on November 29, 2004 from http://www.cmwf.org/publications/publications_show.htm?doc_id=235787
- ¹¹ Rennison, C.M., & Wilchans, S. (2000). "Intimate Partner Violence." *Bureau of Justice Statistics Special Report*. May 2000: NCJ 178247.
- ¹² Rennison, C.M., & Wilchans, S. (2000). "Intimate Partner Violence." *Bureau of Justice Statistics Special Report*. May 2000: NCJ 178247.

Endnotes from **The Benefits of Marriage** Box

¹ Lee A. Lillard and Linda J. Waite, 1995. "Til Death Do Us Part: Marital Disruption and Mortality," American Journal of Sociology 100: 1131-56; Catherine E. Ross et al., 1990. "The Impact of the Family on Health: Decade in Review," Journal of Marriage and the Family 52: 1059-1078; Paul R. Amato, 2000. "The Consequences of Divorce for Adults and Children," Journal of Marriage and the Family 62(4): 1269ff; Linda J. Waite and Mary Elizabeth Hughes, 1999. "At the Cusp of Old Age: Living Arrangements and Functional Status among Black, White, and Hispanic Adults," Journal of Gerontology: Social Sciences 54b (3): S136-S144; Amy Mehraban Pienta et al., 2000. "Health Consequences of Marriage for the Retirement Years," Journal of Family Issues 21(5): 559-586. As cited by Institute for American Values. (2002). Why Marriage Matters: Twenty-One Conclusions from the Social Sciences. New York: Institute for American Values. ² J.A. Gaudino, Jr., et al., 1999. "No Fathers' Names: A Risk Factor for Infant Mortality in the State of Georgia," Social Science and Medicine 48(2): 253-65; C.D. Siegel et al., 1996. "Mortality from Intentional and Unintentional Injury among Infants of Young Mothers in Colorado, 1982 to 1992," Archives of Pediatric and Adolescent Medicine 150(10) (October): 1077-83; Trude Bennett and Paula Braveman, 1994. "Maternal Marital Status as a Risk Factor for Infant Mortality," Family Planning Perspectives 26(6): 252-256; Robert L. Flewelling and Karl E. Bauman, 1990. "Family Structure as a Predictor of Initial Substance Use and Sexual Intercourse in Early Adolescence," Journal of Marriage and the Family 52: 171-181; Robert A. Johnson et al., 1996. The Relationship between Family Structure and Adolescent Substance Use (Rockville, MD: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administrations, Office of Applied Studies, U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services). As cited in Institute for American Values (2002). See also: Johnson, R. A., Johnson, J. P, and Gerstain, D. R. (1996). "The Relationship between Family Structure and Adolescent Substance Use." National Opinion Research Center for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, D.C. As cited by Father Facts 3, p. 73. ³ Ronald Angel and Jacqueline Worobey, 1988. "Single Motherhood and Children's Health," Journal of Health and Social

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- Predictors of Mortality across the Life-Span," *American Journal of Public Health* 85: 1237-1245; Joan S. Tucker et al., 1997. "Parental Divorce: Effects on Individual Behavior and Longevity," *Journal of Personality and Social Pyschology* 73(2): 381-391. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).
- ⁴ Susan L. Brown, 2000. "The Effect of Union Type on Psychological Well-Being: Depression among Cohabitors versus Marrieds," *Journal of Health and Social Behavior* 41 (September): 241-255. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).
- ⁵ Ronald C. Kessler et al., 1999. "Prevalence of and Risk Factors for Lifetime Suicide Attempts in the National Comorbidity Survey," *Archives of General Psychiatry* 56: 617-626. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).
- ⁶ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics. *National Health Interview Survey*. Hyattsville, MD. As cited by *Father Facts 3*, p. 69.
- ⁷ Jeffrey S. Gray and Michael J. Vanderhart, 2000. "The Determination of Wages: Does Marriage Matter?" in Linda J. Waite et al. (eds.) *The ties that Bind: Perspectives on Marriage and Cohabitation* (New York: Aldine De Grutyer): 356-367; J. Gray, 1997. "The Fall in Men's Return to Marriage," *Journal of Human Resources* 32(3): 481-504; K. Daniel, 1995. "The Marriage Premium," in M. Tomassi and K. Ierulli (eds.) *The New Economics of Human Behavior* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press): 113-125; Robert F. Schoeni, 1995. "Marital Status and Earnings in Developed Countries," *Journal of Population Economics* 8: 351-59; S. Korenman and D. Neumark, 1991. "Does Marriage Really Make Men More Productive?" *Journal of Human Resources* 26(2):282-307.; Donna K. Gunther and Madeline Zavodny, 2001. "Is the Male Marriage Premium Due to Selection? The Effect of Shotgun Weddings on the Return to Marriage," *Journal of Population Economics* 14: 313-328. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).
- ⁸ Joseph Lupton and James P. Smith, (Forthcoming, 2002). "Marriage, Assets and Savings," in Shoshana Grossbard-Schectman (ed.) *Marriage and the Economy* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press); Janet Wilmoth, 1998. "The timing of Marital Events over the Life-Course and Pre-Retirement Wealth Outcomes," (paper presented at meetings of the Population Association of America) (Chicago) (April); Lingxin Hao, 1996. "Family Structure, Private Transfers, and the Economic Well-Being of Families with Children," *Social Forces* 75: 269-292. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).
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- ¹⁰ Married women suffer domestic violence at a rate of 2.6 per 1,000, while divorced/separated women suffer at a rate of 31.9. And, as cited in Institute for American Values (2002): Margo I. Wilson and Martin Daly, 1992. "Who Kills Whom in Spouse Killings? On the Exceptional Sex Ratio of Spousal Homicides in the United States," *Criminology* 30(2): 189-215; J.E. Straus and M.A. Stets, 1989. "The Marriage License as Hitting License: A Comparison of Assaults in Dating, Cohabiting and Married Couples," *Journal of Family Violence* 4(2): 161-180.
- ¹¹ C.D. Siegel et al., 1996. "Mortality from Intentional and Unintentional Injury Among Infants of Young Mothers in Colorado, 1982 to 1992," *Archives of Pediatric and Adolescent Medicine* 150(10) (October): 1077-1083.; Martin Daly and Margo Wilson, 1996. "Evolutionary Psychology and Marital Conflict: The Relevance of Stepchildren," in *Sex, Power, Conflict: Evolutionary and Feminist Perspective*, eds. David M. Buss and Neil M. Malamuth (Oxford: Oxford University Press): 9-28.; Martin Daly and Margo Wilson, 1985. "Child Abuse and Other Risks of Not Living with Both Parents," *Ethology and Sociobiology* 6: 197-210. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).
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- ¹³ Paul R. Amato, 2001. "Children of Divorce in the 1990s: An Update of the Amato and Keith (1991) Meta-Analysis," *Journal of Family Psychology* 15(3): 355-370; William H. Jeynes, 2000. "The Effects of Several of the Most Common Family Structures on the Academic Achievement of Eighth Graders," *Marriage and Family Review* 30(1/2): 73-97; Catherine E. Ross and John Mirowsky, 1999. "Parental Divorce, Life-Course Disruption, and Adult Depression," *Journal of Marriage and the Family* 61(4) (November): 1034ff; Sara McLanahan and Gary Sandefur, 1994. *Growing Up With a Single Parent: What Hurts, What Helps* (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press); Timothy J. Biblarz and Greg Gottainer, 2000. "Family Structure and Children's Success: A Comparison of Widowed and Divorced Single-Mother Families," *Journal of Marriage and the Family* (62(2) (May): 533; William H. Jeynes, 1999. "Effects of Remarriage Following Divorce on the Academic Achievement of Children," *Journal of Youth and Adolescence* 28(3): 385-393; Nicholas Zill et al., 1993. "Long-Term Effects of Parental Divorce on Parent-Child Relationships, Adjustment, and Achievement in Young Adulthood," *Journal of Family Psychology* 7(1): 91-103. As cited in Institute for American Values (2002).

Endnotes from Text

ⁱ Waite, L.J. and Gallagher, M. (2000). *The Case for Marriage: Why Married People Are Happier, Healthier, and Better Off Financially*. New York: Doubleday.

ⁱⁱ Over the last 30 years, boys have affirmed this statement at a rate of 69-73%; girls have affirmed it between 80% and 83%. Monitoring the Future Surveys conducted by the Survey Research Center at the University of Michigan, as cited by The National Marriage Project. (2004). *State of Our Unions: The Social Health of Marriage in America*. National Marriage Project, Piscataway, NJ: June 2004. p. 26.

iii In 1990, there were 59.9 teen births per 1,000 teens aged 15-19; this rate dropped to 45.8 by 2001 (U.S. Census Bureau, *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, 2003: Table 86, www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/03statab/vitstat.pdf)

- ^{iv} Monitoring the Future Surveys conducted by the Survey Research Center at the University of Michigan, as cited by The National Marriage Project. (2004). *State of Our Unions: The Social Health of Marriage in America*. National Marriage Project, Piscataway, NJ: June 2004. p. 26.
- ^v FOCCUS = Facilitating Open Couple Communication, Understanding and Study. See "Links to Healthy Marriage Resources" section for more information.
- vi FOCCUS = Facilitating Open Couple Communication, Understanding and Study. See "Links to Healthy Marriage Resources" section for more information.
- vii PAIRS = Practical Application of Intimate Relationship Skills. See "Links to Healthy Marriage Resources" section for more information.
- viii Dion, Robin M., & Debra A. Strong. (May 14, 2004). *Implementing Programs to Strengthen Unwed Parents' Relationships: Lessons from Family Connections in Alabama*. Washington, DC: Mathematica Policy Research, Inc.